RESNET Annual Conference – Orlando, FL



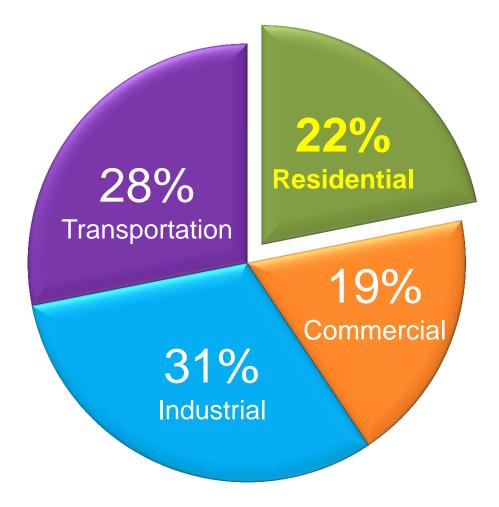


Building America Top Innovations

SAM RASHKIN & ERIC WERLING

Building Technology Office

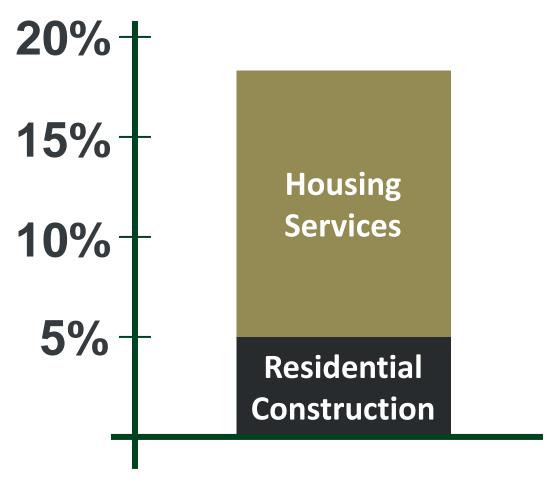
Business CaseWhy Building America



U.S. Energy Consumption

Building America Business Case Residential Economic Impact



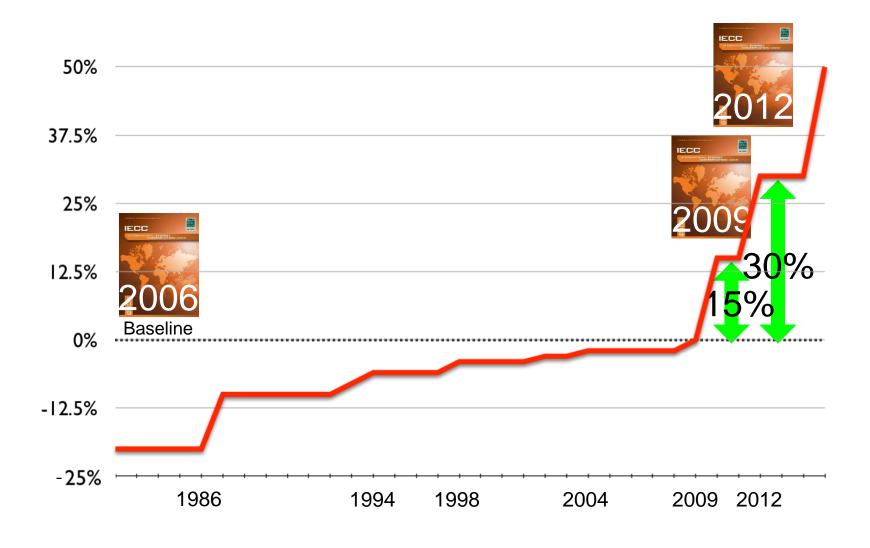


Housing Sector Percent of GNP

Source: NAHB data through Q1 2012

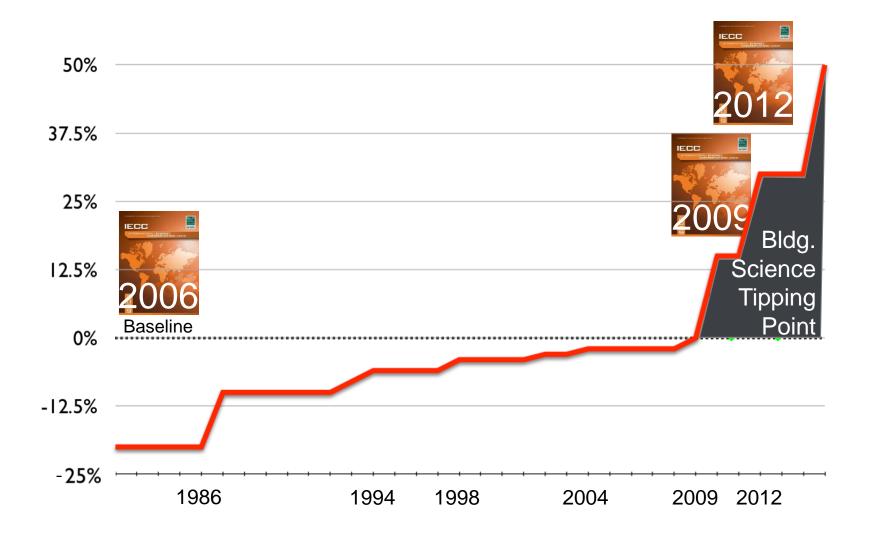
Building America Business Case Building Science Imperative





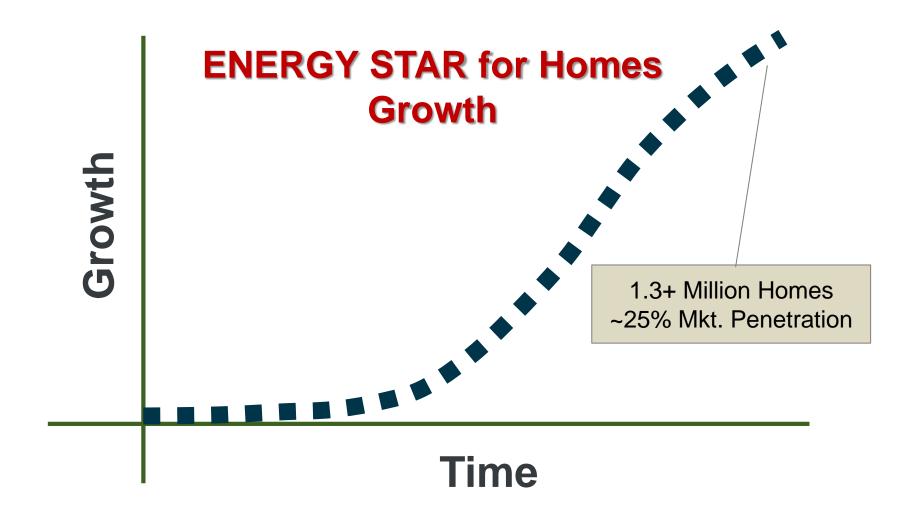
Building America Business Case Building Science Imperative





Building America Business Case Home Performance Imperative

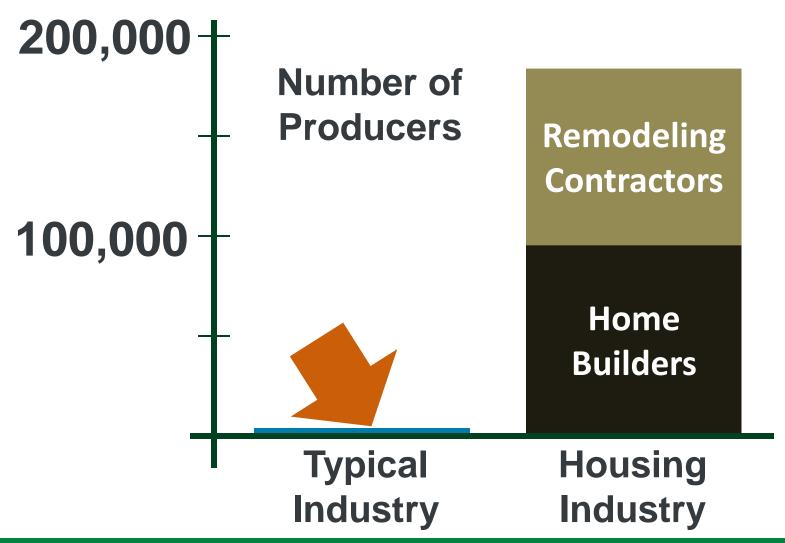




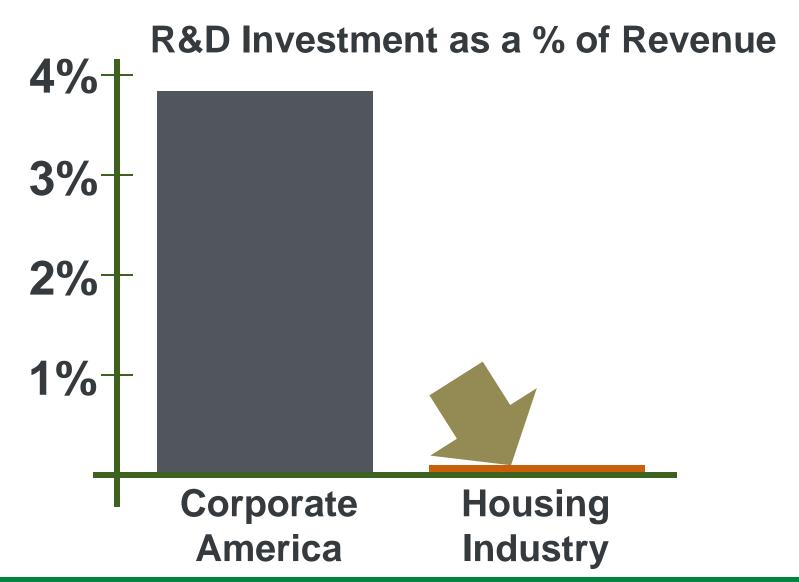
Building America Business Case High-Performance Home Opportunity



- Jobs
- Clean Air
- Energy Independence
- Stronger Communities
- Healthier Households

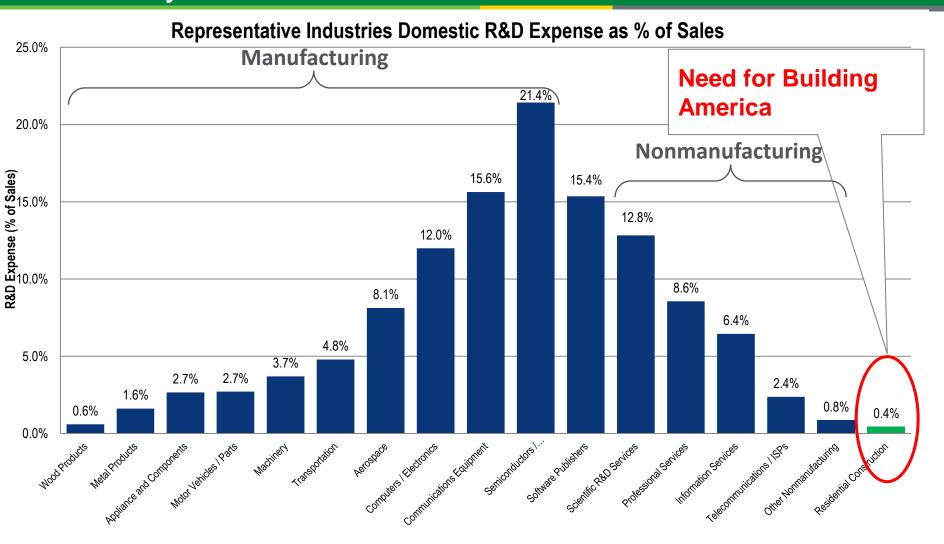






Building America Business Case Industry Underinvests in R&D





Source: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Business R&D and Innovation Survey: 2008



Building America Fills Market Need for a

High-Performance Home

HUB of Innovation



Business Goals Building America Strategy

Building America Objective



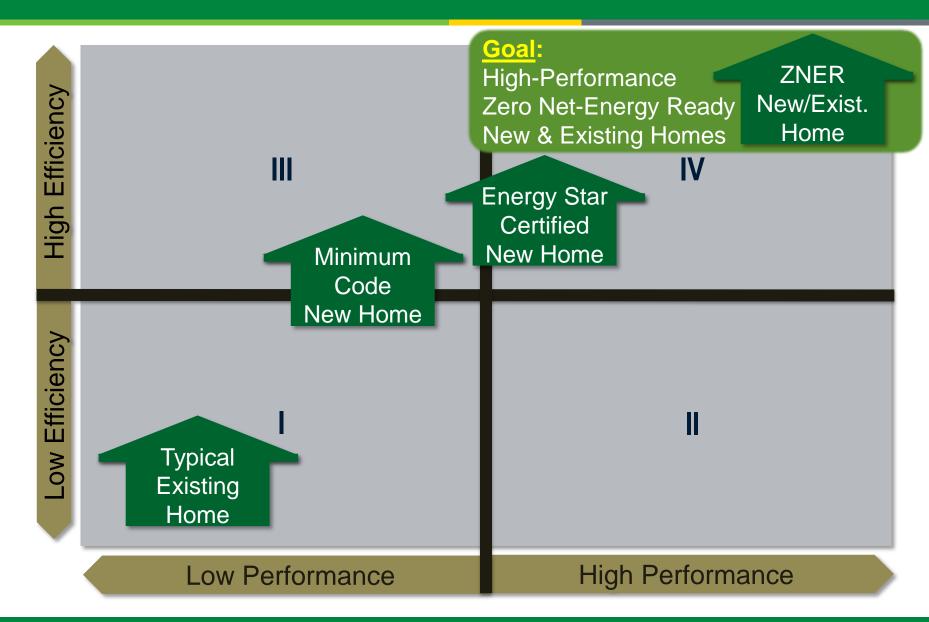
1.Efficiency

- Enclosure
- Low-Load HVAC
- Components

2.Performance

- Comfort
- Health
- Durability
- Renewable Readiness/Integration
- Water Conservation
- Disaster Resistance

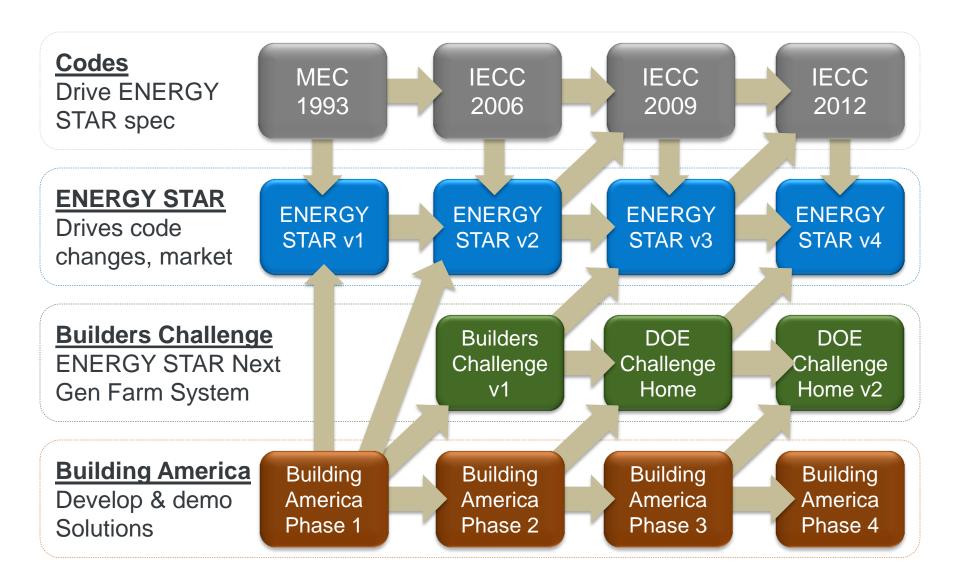
Building America Goal



Building America Path

| Thermal Load | | | | Goal: High-Performance Zero Net-Energy Ready New & Existing Homes Home | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| The | Thermal Load | Thermal Load | Thermal Load | Thermal Load | Thermal Load | Thermal Load |
| | 1970 - 1980 | 1980 - 1990 | 1990 - 2000 | 2000 - 2010 | 2010 - 2020 | 2020 - 2030 |
| S | Thermal | Thermal | Thermal | Thermal | Thermal Encl. | Thermal Encl. |
| ritie | Enclosure | Enclosure | Enclosure | Enclosure | Water Man. | Water Man. |
| Research Priorities | | | | | Ventilat'n/IAQ | Ventilat'n/IAQ |
| 드 | | | | | Low-Load | Low-Load HVAC |
| arc | | | | | HVAC | Eff. Comps./ |
| ese | | | | Water Man. | Eff. Comps/ | MEL's |
| | | | | | MEL's Durability | Durability |
| ing. | | | Water Man. | | , | Infrastructure |
| Resulting | | | | Ventilat'n/IAQ | Infrastructure Development | Development |
| Re | | | Ventilat'n/IAQ | Low-Load HVAC | Bldg. Integr. Renewables | Bldg. Integr. Renewables |

Building America Process



ProgressTop Innovations



Determine Criteria



Determine Criteria

- Building America played a primary role
- Significant real or potential impact:
 - solving critical problem
 - capturing significant opportunity



- Determine Criteria
- Solicit Nominations
- Research Past Documents
- Compile Complete List of BA Innovations
- Identify Story (Innovations Categories)

Advanced
Technologies
& Practices

2.
House-as-aSystem
Business Case

3.
Effective
Guidance and
Tools

4.
Infrastructure
Development

Advanced
Technologies
& Practices

House-as-aSystem
Business Case

3.Effective
Guidance and
Tools

4.
Infrastructure
Development

Building Science Solutions

Energy Efficient Components

Assured Health and Safety

Advanced
Technologies
& Practices

2.
House-as-aSystem
Business Case

3.Effective
Guidance and
Tools

4.
Infrastructure
Development

New Homes w/Whole-House Packages

Existing Homes w/ Whole-House Packages

Whole-House Program Support

Advanced
Technologies
& Practices

House-as-aSystem
Business Case

3.
Effective
Guidance and
Tools

4. Infrastructure Development

High-Performance
Home Solutions

High-Performance
Home Metrics

Research Tools

Advanced
Technologies
& Practices

House-as-aSystem
Business Case

5.Effective
Guidance and
Tools

4.
Infrastructure
Development

Educating Professionals

Informing
Transaction Process

Informing Code/Standards Process

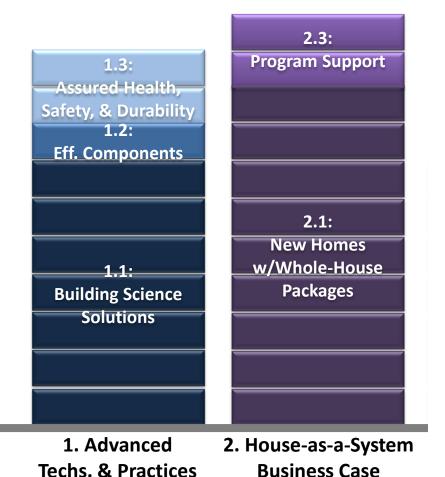
3. 2. **Advanced Effective** Infrastructure House-as-a-**Technologies System Guidance** and Development & Practices **Business Case Tools New Homes Building Science** High-Performance Educating w/Whole-House Solutions **Home Solutions** Professionals Packages Existing Homes w/ Recognizing Value **Energy Efficient** High-Performance Whole-House in Transaction Components **Home Metrics** Packages Process Informing Assured Whole-House **Research Tools** Code/Standards Health and Safety **Program Support** Process

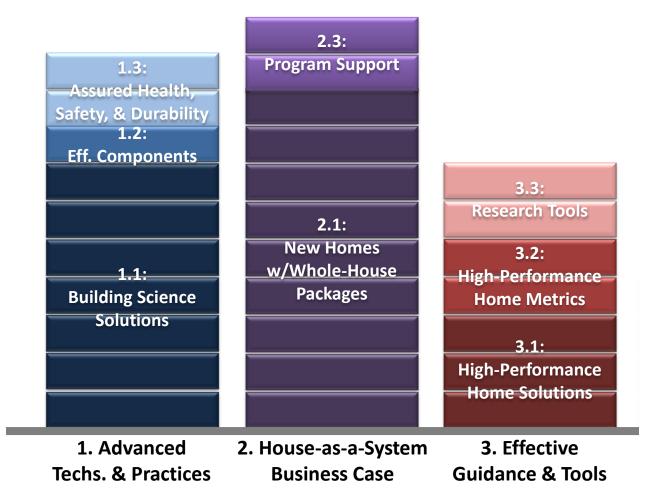


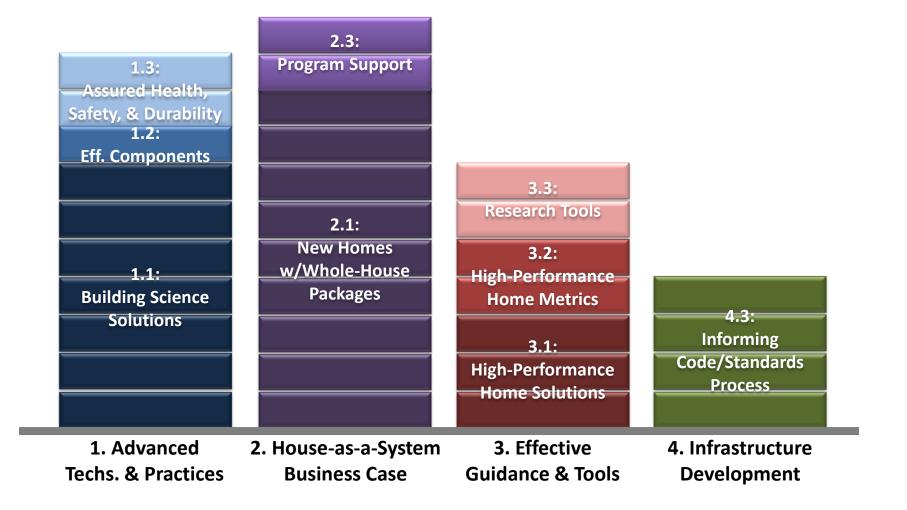
- Determine Criteria
- Solicit Nominations
- Research Past Documents
- Compile Complete List of BA Innovations
- Identify Story (Innovations Categories)
- Sort Nominations
- Select Top Innovations per Criteria

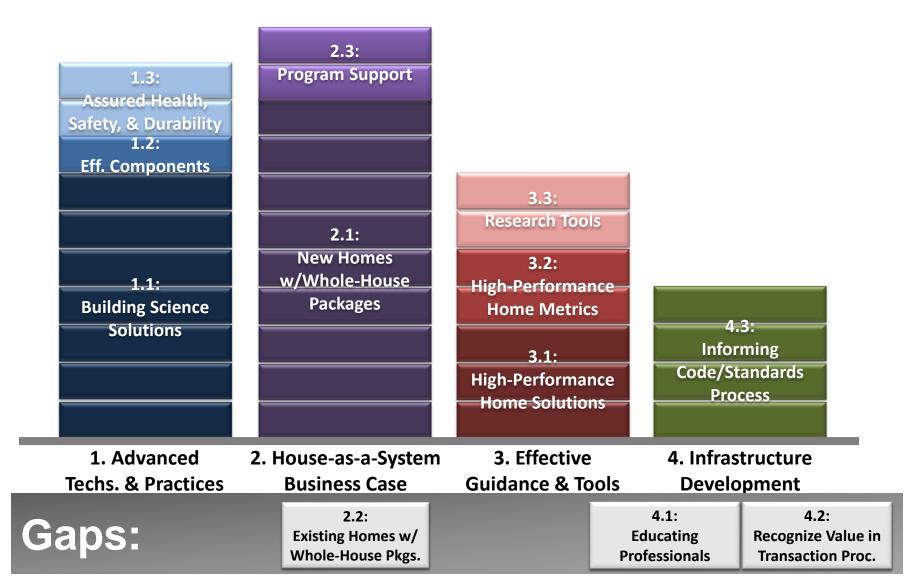


29 | INNOVATION & INTEGRATION: Transforming the Energy Efficiency Market

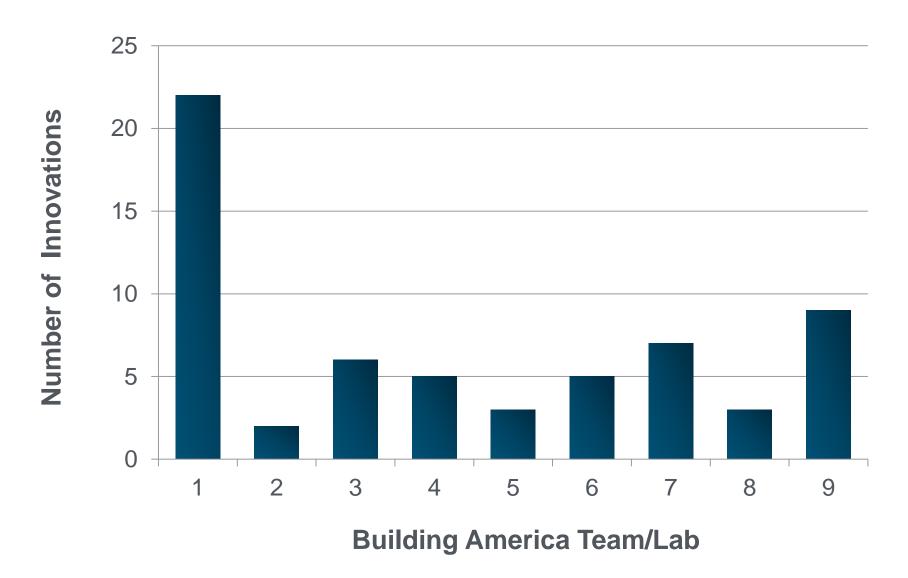








Top Innovations Asset Evaluation





- Determine Criteria
- Solicit Nominations
- Research Past Documents
- Compile Complete List of BA Innovations
- Identify Story (Innovations Categories)
- Sort Nominations
- Select Top Innovations per Criteria
- Tell the Story Top Innovation Profiles

Top Innovations Profiles

Research by Building America diagnosed the causes and prescribed a cure that dramatically reduced moisture problems in manufactured housing in Florida.



damage in manufactured homes in

Building America researchers visited 24 manufactured home factories between 1996 and 2003 and tested duct leakage in 190 units: 132 with mastic-sealed ducts and 58 with taped ducts. The target duct leakagegoal was ≤ 6% total duct leakage-68% of the homes with mastic-sealed ducts achieved this target while only 34% of the homes with taped ducts achieved this.



Recognizing Top Innovations in Building Science – The U.S. Department of Energy's Building America program was started in 1995 to provide research and development to the residential new construction and remodeling industry. As a national center for world-class research, Building America funds integrated research in marketready technology solutions through collaborative partnerships between building and remodeling industry leaders, nationally recognized building scientists, and the national laboratories. Building America Top Innovation Awards recognize those projects that have had a profound or transforming impact on the new and retrofit housing industries on the road to high-performance homes

Research by Building America diagnosed the causes and prescribed a cure that dramatically reduced moisture problems in manufactured housing in Florida.

In the late 1990s, Building America researchers at the Florida Solar Energy Center (FSEC) worked with manufactured home builders to diagnose moisture problems in homes in Florida. Moisture issues were so severe that in some homes researchers could push their fingers through the saturated drywall. Using a whole-house diagnostic approach, researchers determined that the

Between 1996 and 2003 research code home manufacturers interested in improving to

homes. Researchers measured total duct leakage and/or duct leakage outside in 101 houses representing 190 floors (some homes were double wide which equals two floors). Most homes had mastic-sealed ducts but one-third of the duct systems were sealed with tape. Results of the studies showed that the duct leakage goal of ≤ 6% total duct leakage was achieved by a much higher percent of homes with mastic-sealed ducts than with tape-sealed ducts. The researchers observed that mastic provided a much more durable seal than did tape.

The researchers identified several issues with duct installation at the factories: leaky supply and return plenums, misalignment of ducts and openings, sloppy free-hand cutting of holes in duct board and sheet metal, insufficient connection area at joints, mastic applied to sawdustcovered surfaces, insufficient or missing mastic, loose tie straps on flex duct connections. incomplete tabbing of fittings. and improperly applied tape.

"Based on research with Building America. Palm Harbor Homes implemented duct system testing and increased return air pathways from bedrooms to 50 inches2 per 100 cfm of supply air company wide. Since this implementation started. Palm Harbor has manufactured 35,000 homes and has had no incidents of moisture-related issues in homes installed in hot-humid climates. Additionally, air flow issues have been all but eliminated."

Bert Kessler, Vice President of Engineering, Palm Harbor Homes

BUILDING AMERICA TOP INNOVATIONS 'HALL OF FAME' PROFILE

The researchers made several recommendations regarding the ducts: set a duct tightness target of ≤ 6% total duct leakage or ≤ 3% duct leakage to the outside, seal all joints with mastic, accurately cut holes and fully bend all tabs at collar and boot connections, tighten strap ties with a strap-tightening tool, and provide return air pathways from bedrooms to main living areas. Researchers also provided the manufacturers with recommendations regarding HVAC system efficiency, improved windows, adding insulation, and air sealing especially at the marriage line of double-wide units.

endations, Building America followed through with the manufacturers

When the recommendations were implemented in two homes in a demonstration of four homes, the two homes that were mastic sealed had less than half the air leakage of those sealed with tape.

In addition to providing these research findings and

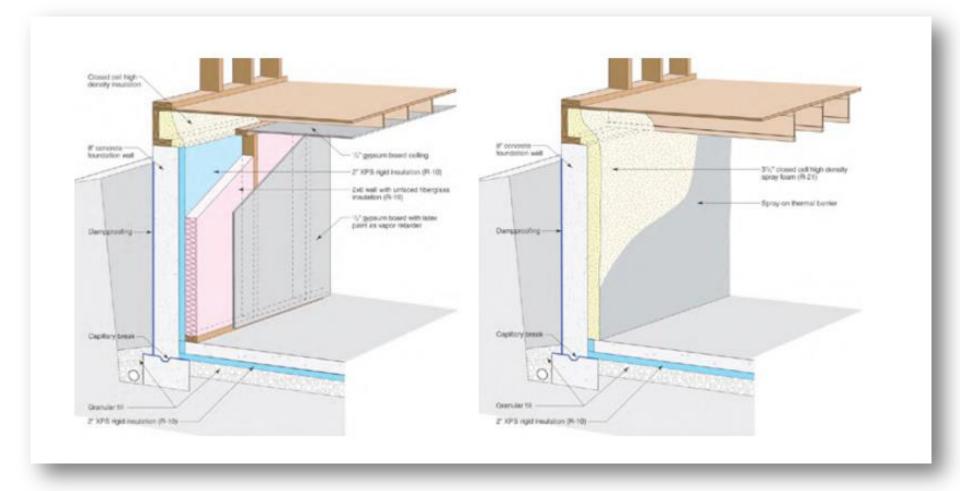
| Home | CFM25 Total |
|--------------|-------------|
| Control Home | 118 |
| Control Home | 126 |
| Energy Home | 51 |
| Healthy Home | 79 |

Duct Tightness Results in Demonstration

Building America researchers visited 24 manufactured home factories between 1996. and 2003 and tested duct leakage in 190 units: 132 with mastic-sealed ducts and 58. with taped ducts. The target duct leakage goal was ≤ 6% total duct leakage-68% of the homes with mastic-sealed ducts achieved this target while only 34% of the homes with taped ducts achieved this.

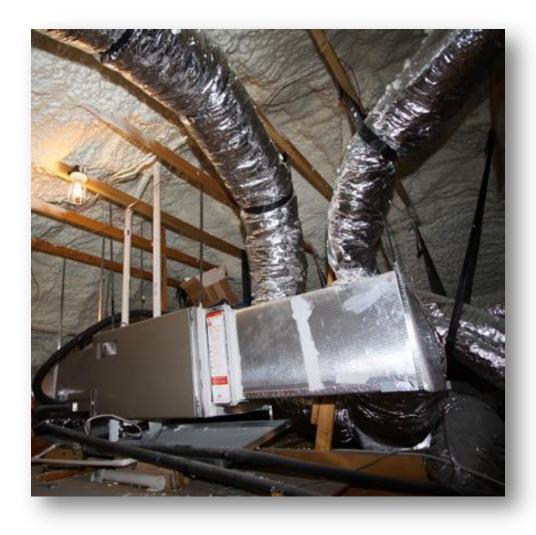
Building America research has provided essential guidance for one of the most challenging assemblies in cold-climate high-performance homes.

- Basements 10% to 30% of total heat loss.
- Significant moisture problem risks due to extensive cold surfaces at walls and slab.



Research has demonstrated unvented, conditioned attics can substantially improve energy performance while allowing builders to continue locating HVAC systems in attic space.

- Unconditioned attic duct heat loss/gain increases heating/cooling energy use 10%.
- Further losses attributed to duct leakage commonly exceeding 20% of air flow.
- Code acceptance since 2006
- 10,000's of homes



In most climates, this innovation saves energy while improving comfort, health, and durability. This research has encouraged adoption by builders and codes.

- 15 18% less heating/cooling energy use
- 20+% less humidity
- 2009 and 2012 IRC changes allowing conditioned crawlspaces influenced.
- 1,000's of homes



Research has provided proven high-R wall options that cost-effectively control both thermal and moisture flow. This innovation is critical to high-performance homes.

- Measured R-value is almost always lower than the rated whole-wall R-value.
- Potential for condensation occurs 15 95% of the time with several high-R wall types.
- Thus, high-R wall research is critical to efficiency and durability goals.



Evaluation of Three Common High-R-Value Wall Assemblies (Aldrich et al. 2010)

| Wall Type | Cost* | Advantages | Challenges |
|--|----------------------|---|--|
| Double framed walls with blown or sprayed insulation | \$1,500 - \$2,500 | Similar methods to traditional stick construction | Complex designs can double time and cost |
| 2x4 or 2x6 insulated, framed walls with exterior rigid foam insulation | \$3,000 - \$3,500 | Reduced condensation potential, good drying potential | Increased cost for XPS, furring, for finishing doors and windows |
| Structural insulated panels 8-1/4" SIP 10-1/4" SIP | \$1,500 \$2,250 | Speed of assembly, inherent air-tightness | Requires special training |
| Incremental cost when comparing 800 ft ² of this wall to 800 ft ² of a baseline 2x6 wall | | | |

Building America has provided proven solutions for locating ducts in conditioned space that are being adopted by builders across the country.

- ~8 15% savings on air conditioning bills
- 1,000's of homes



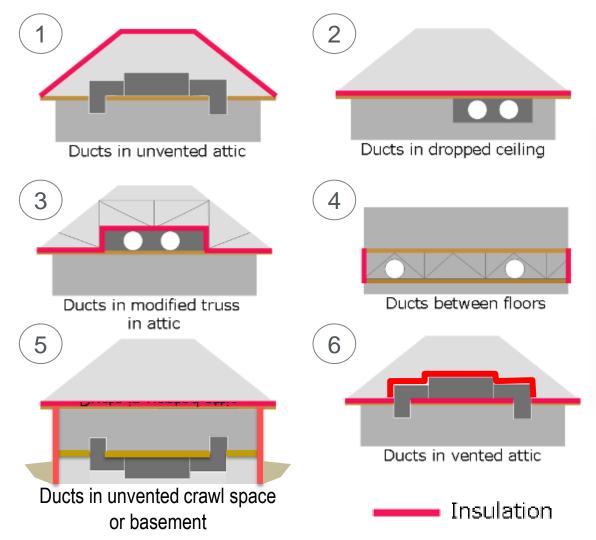






Figure 20. Ductwork well-sealed to sheetrock with ccSPF



Figure 22. Varying thickness of ccSPF and interference from cross bracing



Figure 21. Rigid insulation inserted under ductwork to serve as a substrate and provide insulating value



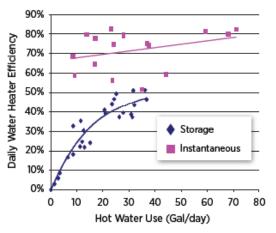
Figure 23. Varying application thicknesses shown on rectangular (left) and round (right) ducts

Water heating continue to grow in importance as improved thermal enclosures dramatically reduce heating and cooling loads. Building America has provided important insight regarding one of the most significant options.

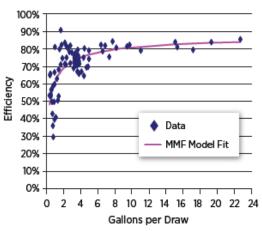
- Potential for 33% savings
- Actual savings vary significantly based on individual draw and volume.
- Effic. approaches rated EF > 10 gallons/draw.
- Greatest savings occur at 50 gal./day use.



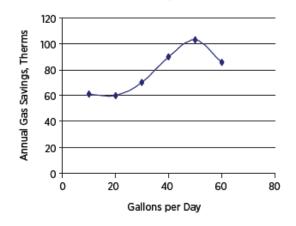
Measured Performance of Storage and Tankless Gas Water Heaters as a Function of Daily Hot Water Use



Performance of a Tankless Gas Water Heater as a Function of Draw Volume



Approximate Annual Energy Savings as a Function of Daily Hot Water Use

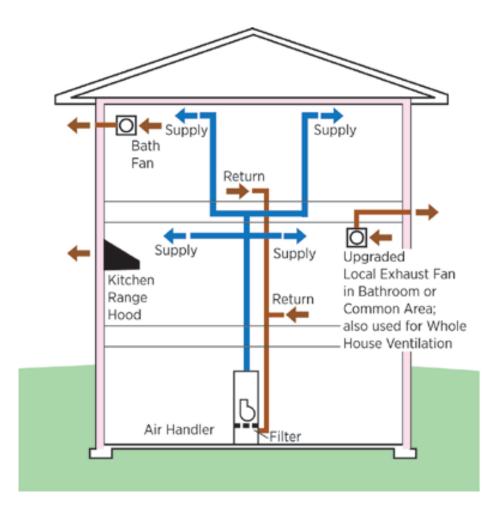


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CARB. 2009. Tankless Water Heater, Prepared by Steven Winter Associates, Inc. for the U.S. Department of Energy Building America. http://appsl.eere.energy. gov/buildings/publications/pdfs/building_america/ tankless water heaters.pdf

NREL. 2006. Building America System Research Results: Innovations for High performance Homes, NREL/ TP-550-39024, Prepared by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory for the U.S. Department of Energy Building America. High-performance homes require attention to good indoor air quality. Building America has effectively influenced our nation's home builders to embrace whole-house ventilation with low-cost options that adapt well to their production processes.

- Simple whole-house ventilation systems cost less than \$350 to install
- 1,000's of homes using these systems



| Added Costs & Cost Reductions of Energy-Efficiency Measures – Hot-Dry Climate Example | | |
|--|-----------|--|
| Unvented Roof | + \$750 | |
| NOT Installing Roof Vents | - \$500 | |
| High-Perfomance Windows | + \$300 | |
| Controlled Venticaltion System | + \$150 | |
| Downsize Air Conditioner 2 Tons | - \$1,000 | |
| Sealed Combustion Furnace | + \$400 | |
| TOTAL PREMIUM | + \$100 | |

| Added Costs & Cost Reductions of Energy-Efficiency Measures – Severe Cold Climate Example | | |
|--|---------|--|
| Advanced Framing | - \$250 | |
| High-Perfomance Windows | + \$250 | |
| Controlled Venticaltion System | + \$150 | |
| Power Vented Gas Water Heater | + \$300 | |
| Simplified Duct Distribution | - \$250 | |
| Downsize Air Conditioner 1 Ton | - \$350 | |
| TOTAL ADDED COST | - \$150 | |





Urbane's first home, built for \$36 per ft² in 2008, incorporated both energy efficiency and strategies to reduce building costs. Homebuyers began seeking out the builder for energy-efficient, high-quality homes.

Urbane Homes, Louisville, KY



Green Coast Communities, New Orleans, LA



Pulte Homes worked with Building America's IBACOS team to develop a suite of energy efficiency measures, including solar water heating, that cut energy use more than 50% on more than 1,000 homes in Tucson, Arizona.

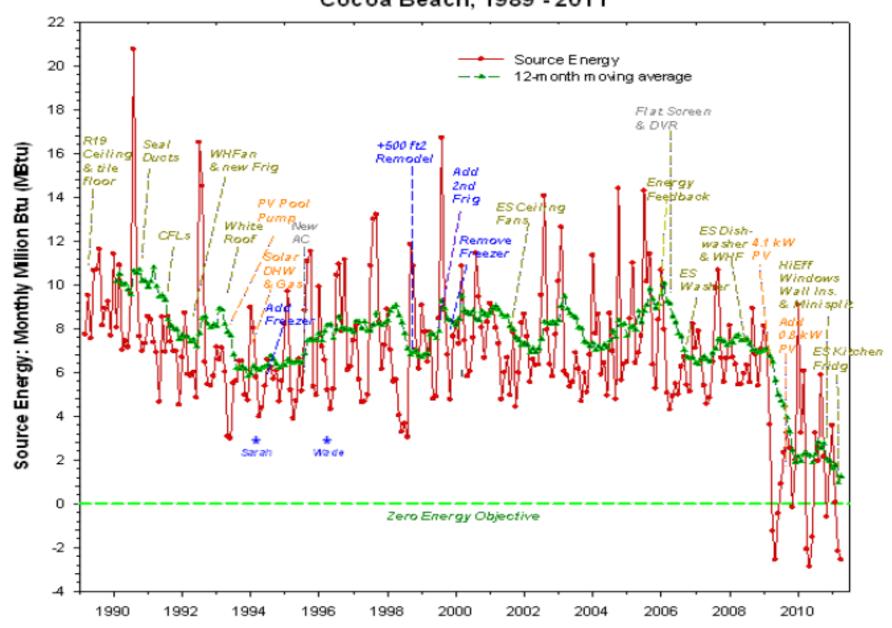
Pulte Homes at Civano in Tucson, AZ



FSEC: Parker Residence Increasing evidence that Phased Deep Retrofit (PDR) approaches can lead to cost-effective DER, even ZNE. This case study and research report describes details of a cost-effective PDR that achieved Net positive in 2012.

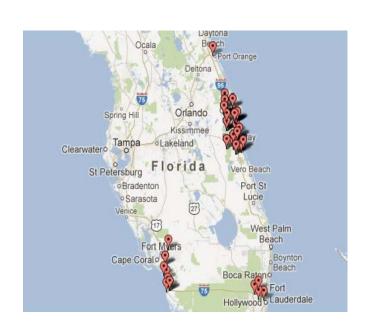
Parker Residence, Cocoa Beach, FL

Source Energy & Retrofit History for Parker Family Electricity and Natural Gas Cocoa Beach, 1989 - 2011

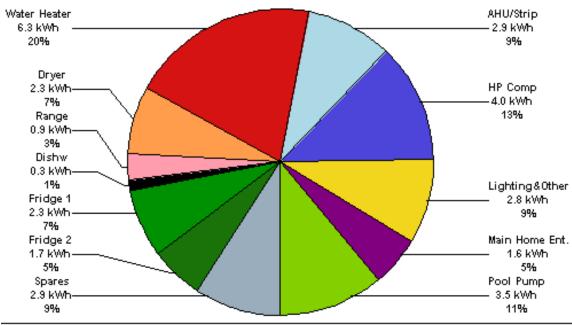




Phased Deep Retrofit Need: Averages don't tell all (FL Example)



Electricity by End-Use, Jan 27, 2013-Feb 25, 2013 Houses 1-60, 35.8 kWh/day Total

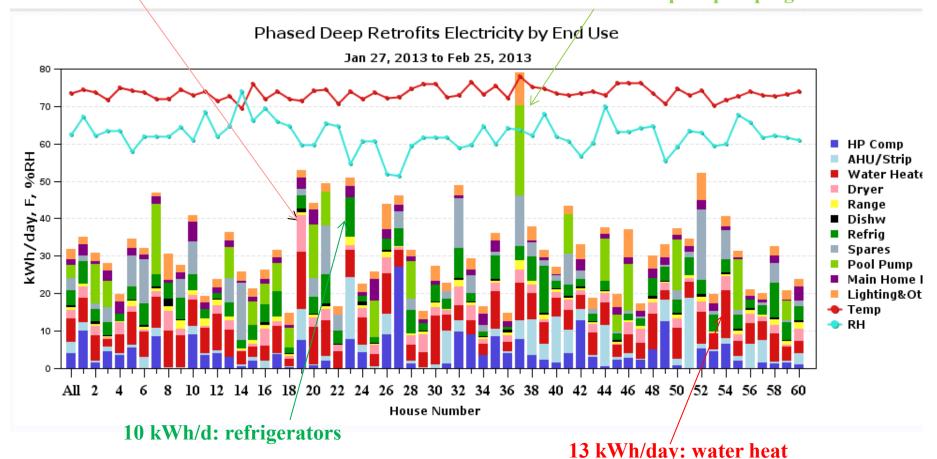




Phased Deep Retrofits in Florida

10 kWh/d: clothes drying

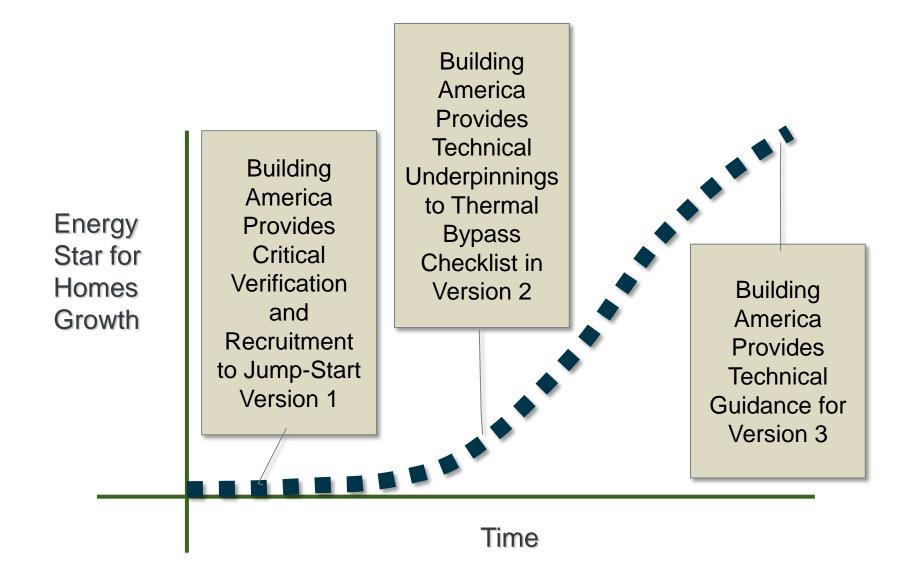
24 kWh/d for pool pumping

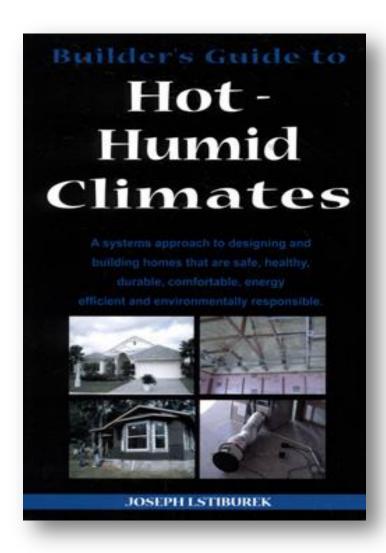


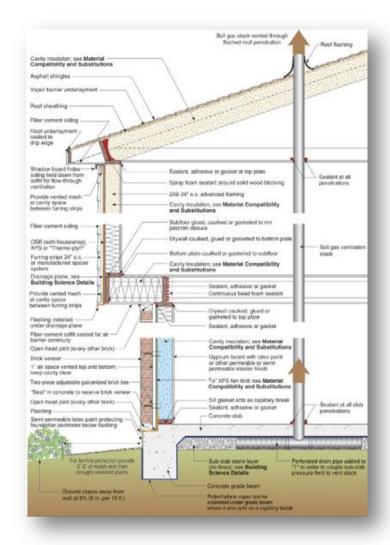
ENERGY STAR for Homes with critical support from Building America has helped transformed the U.S. housing industry to high performance along with a national HERS infrastructure.

- ~25% of all homes constructed in 2011
- Over 1.3 million certified homes
- -\$23 billion energy cost savings
- ~210 million tons of avoided GHC emissions

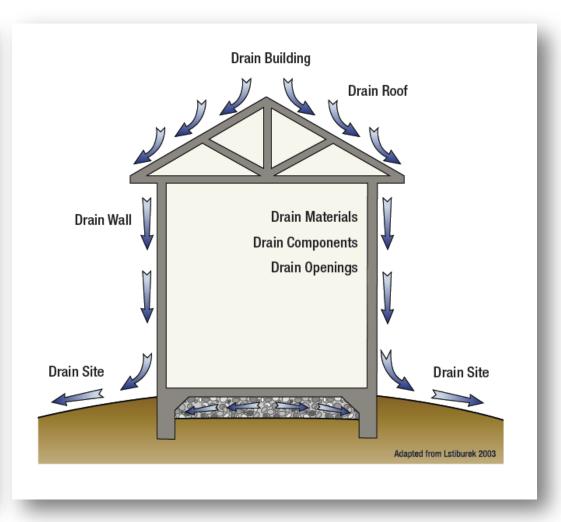


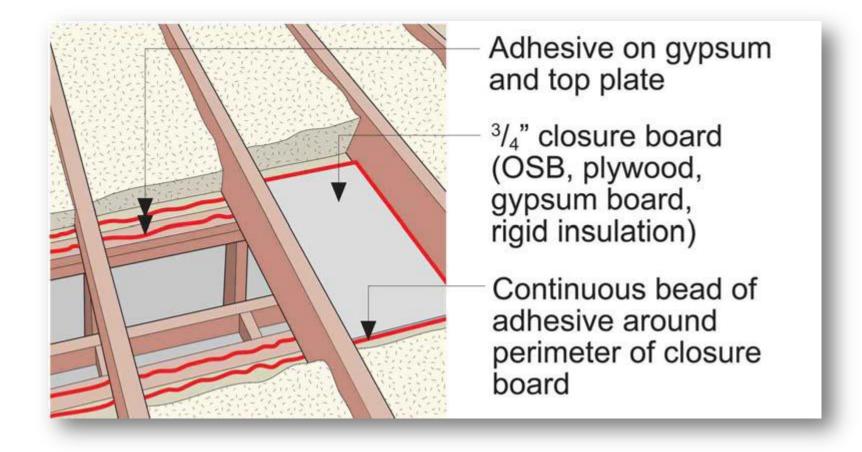


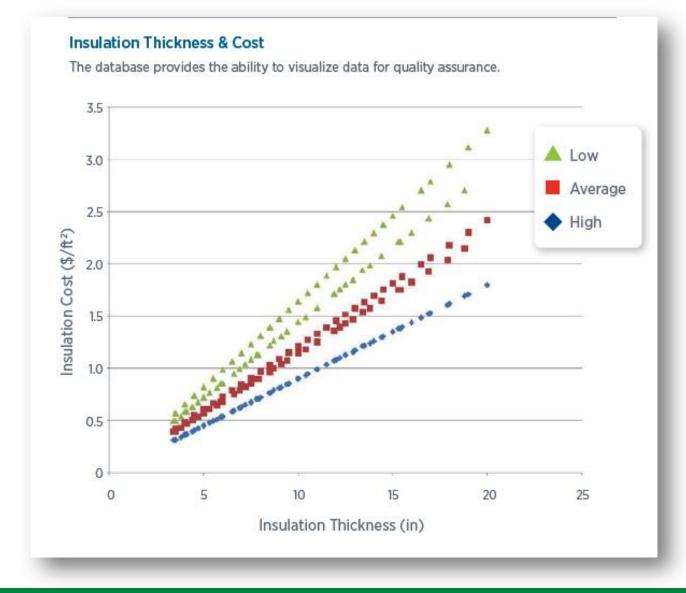












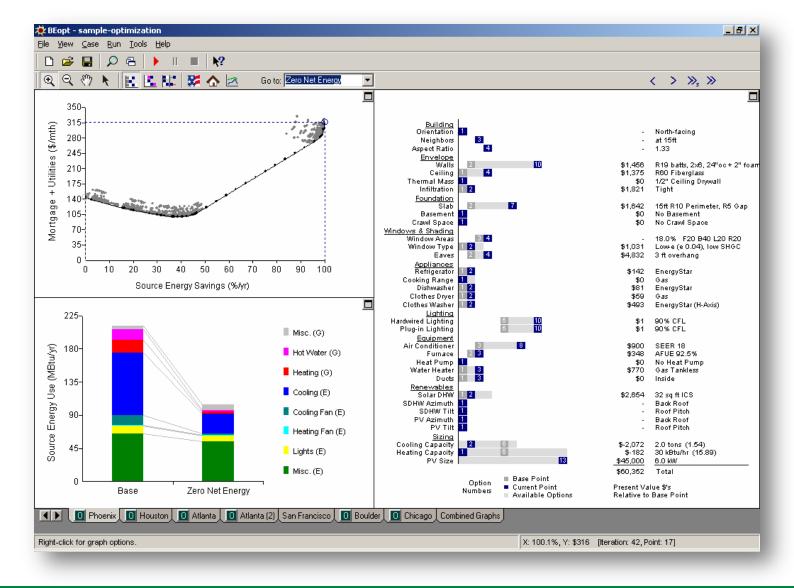


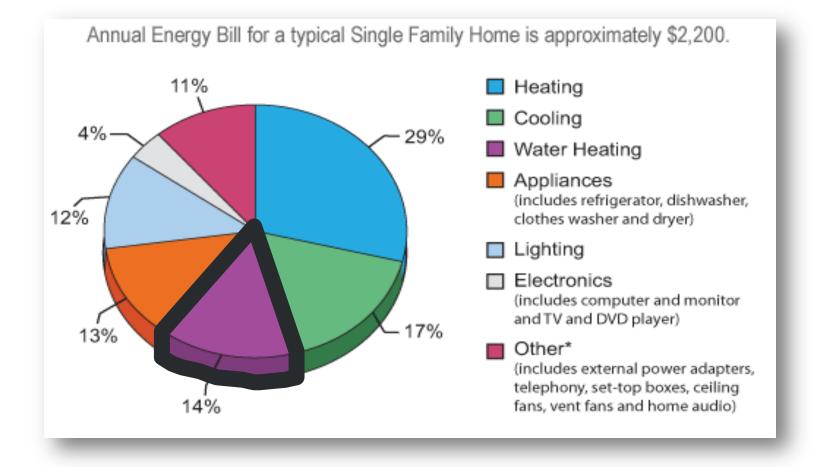
Default R-Values for Common Insulation Types

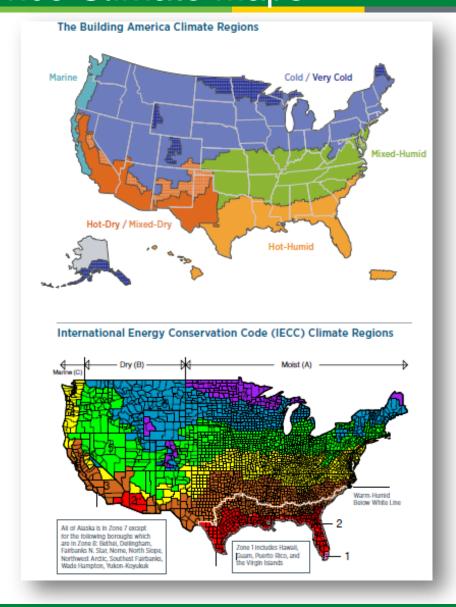
The table shows default R-values for common insulation types used in analysis for retrofit homes. NREL derived the values from several sources (Henderson and Egebrecht 2010).

| Insulation Material | Nominal R-Value/in. |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| High-density fiberglass batt | 3.8/in. |
| Low-density fiberglass batt | 3.1/in. |
| Loose-fill fiberglass | 3.2/ in. |
| Cellulose | 3.7/in. |
| EPS | 4.0/in. |
| XPS | 5.0/in. |
| Open-cell polyurethane foam | 3.6/in. |
| Closed-cell polyurethane foam | 6.5/in. |
| Rigid polyisocyanurate | 7.2/in. |

* the Building
America Benchmark









Vapor Retarder Definitions

The 2009 IRC R601.3 gives the following definitions and examples for vapor retarder classes:

| Class | Definition | Examples |
|-------|------------------------|---|
| I | ≤ 0.1 perm | Sheet polyethylene, sheet metal, non- perforated aluminum foil, foil-faced insulation sheathing |
| II | > 0.1 to < 1.0 perm | Kraft-faced fiberglass batts or low-perm paint, unfaced expanded polystyrene, fiber-faced polyisocyanurate |
| III | > 1.0 perms | Latex or enamel paint |

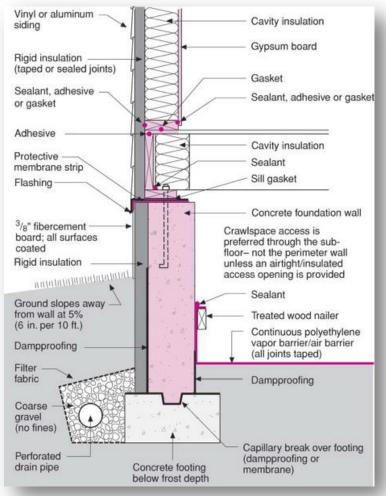
Class III Vapor Retarders

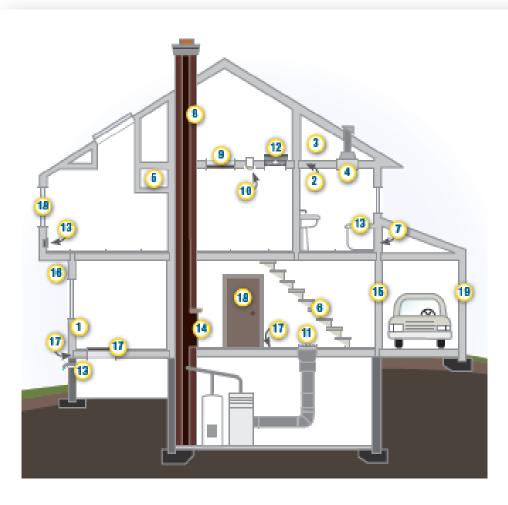
| Zone | Class III vapor retarders permitted for: |
|----------|---|
| Marine 4 | Vented cladding over OSB Vented cladding over plywood Vented cladding over fiberboard Vented cladding over gypsum Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-2.5 over 2x4 wall Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-3.75 over 2x6 wall |
| 5 | Vented cladding over OSB Vented cladding over plywood Vented cladding over fiberboard Vented cladding over gypsum Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-5 over 2x4 wall Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-7.5 over 2x6 wall |
| 6 | Vented cladding over fiberboard Vented cladding over gypsum Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-7.5 over 2x4 wall Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-11.25 over 2x6 wall |
| 7 & 8 | Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-10 over 2x4 wall Insulated sheathing with R-value ≥ R-15 over 2x6 wall |

According to the 2009 IRC: "For the purposes of this section vented cladding shall include the following minimum clear air spaces. Other openings with the equivalent vent area shall be permitted."

- Vinyl lap or horizontal aluminum siding applied over a weather-resistive barrier as specified in Table R703.4 of the 2009 International Residential Code.
- Brick veneer with a clear airspace as specified in Section R703.7.4.2 of the *International Residential Code*.
- Other approved vented claddings.







Air Sealing Trouble Spots

(Baechler et al. 2010)

- Air Barrier and Thermal Barrier Alignment
- 2. Attic Air Sealing
- 3. Attic Kneewalls
- Shaft for Plping or Ducts
- Dropped Celling/Soffit
- Staircase Framing at Exterior Wall
- 7. Porch Roof
- 8. Flue or Chimney Shaft
- 9. Attic Access
- 10. Recessed Lighting

- Ducts
- 12 Whole-House Fan
- Exterior Wall Penetrations
- 14. Fireplace Wall
- Garage/ Living Space Walls
- 16. Cantilevered Floor
- Rim Joists, Sill Plate, Foundation, Floor
- 18. Windows & Doors
- Common Walls
 Between Attached
 Dwelling Units

Top Innovations Process



- Determine Criteria
- Solicit Nominations
- Research Past Documents
- Compile Complete List of BA Innovations
- Identify Story (Innovations Categories)
- Sort Nominations
- Select Top Innovations per Criteria
- Tell the Story Top Innovation Profiles
- Annual Event Announcing Top Innovations

Top Innovations Summary



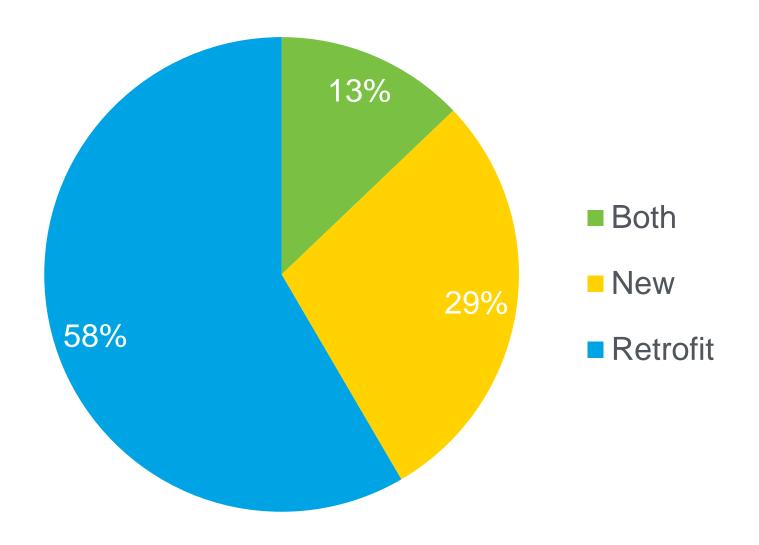
- Building America Hub of Innovation
- Document Legacy Innovations
- Major Event Announcing Latest Innovations
- Tool for Identifying Program Gaps
- Tool for Managing Program Assets
- Tool for Promoting Program Results

Building America Innovations Project Portfolio

Building America Project Portfolio Management

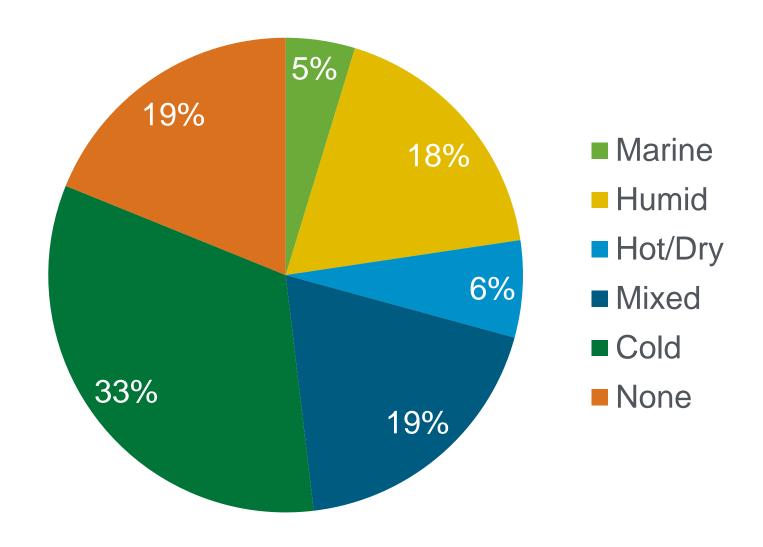
Proposals → Projects → Results → Innovations





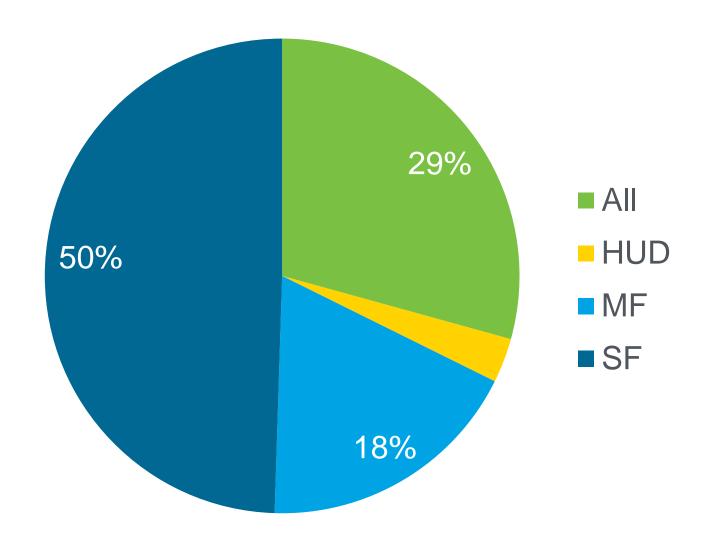
2012 Projects by Climate

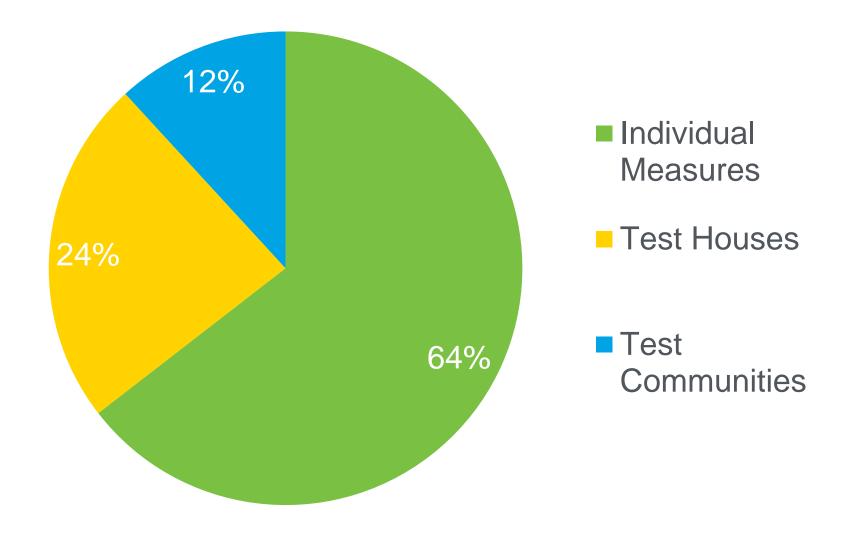




2012 Projects by Building Type

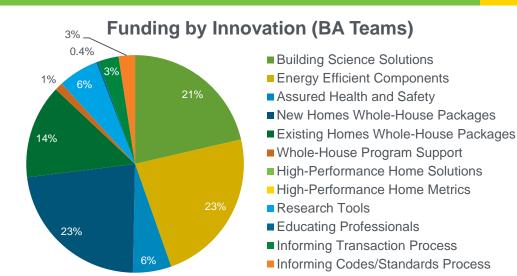




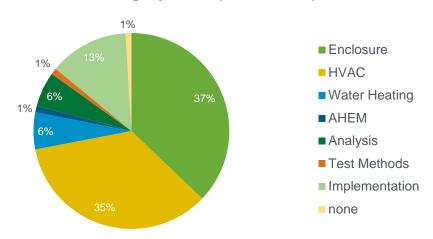


2013 Projects by Innovation - INITIAL

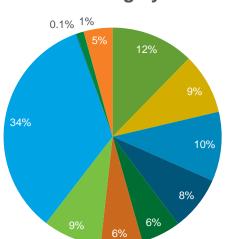




Funding by STC (BA Teams)

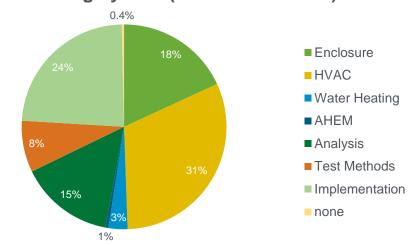


Funding by Innovation (Lab & BA Teams)



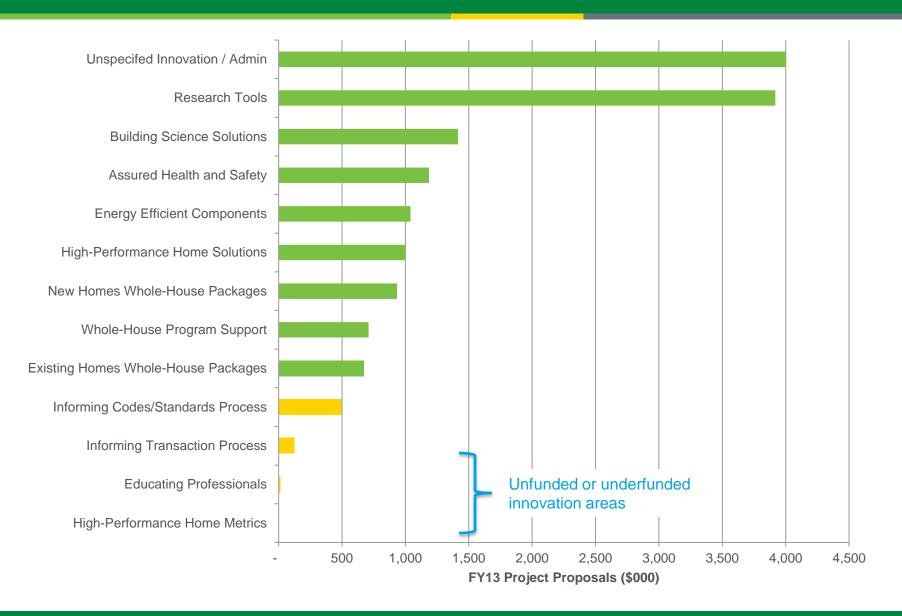
- Building Science Solutions
- Energy Efficient Components
- Assured Health and Safety
- New Homes Whole-House Packages
- Existing Homes Whole-House Packages
- Whole-House Program Support
- High-Performance Home Solutions
- High-Performance Home Metrics
- Research Tools
- Educating Professionals
- Informing Transaction Process
- Informing Codes/Standards Process

Funding by STC (Labs & BA Teams)



Targeted Innovation Gaps - 2013





Building America Advanced Retrofit Technology & Demonstration Projects

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Advanced Retrofit Enclosure Technology



- Side-by-Side Lab House Retrofit Performance Studies
- Cladding Attachment for Thick Exterior Insulating Sheathing (2)
- High-R Roof Retrofit Techniques
- Moisture Performance Field Testing of Retrofits
- Cold Climate Foundation Wall Insulation, including "Excavation-less"

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Advanced Retrofit HVAC Technologies

- Pressure Regain Supply Outlets for Retrofits
- Advanced Combined Heating/Hot Water Systems (2 projects)
- Buried & Encapsulated Attic Duct Retrofits
- Hydronic Primary Loop Temperature Controller
- Side-by-Side Lab House Retrofit Performance Studies (21 SEER vs. 13 SEER)
- Cold Climate Roof Retrofit Applications

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Advanced Retrofit Technologies for MF



- Central HW System Control for MF
- Hydronic Heating Control Retrofits for MF (2)
- Optimized Air Distribution Retrofit Strategies for MF
- Mini-Split Applications for Retrofits for MF

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Advanced Retrofit IAQ & Ventilation



- Ventilation System Effectiveness Study
- Space Conditioning Impacts of Retrofits Study
- Improved Combustion Safety Testing Procedures
- Low-Cost Radon Reduction in Retrofits/WAP

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Guidance & Tools for WH Retrofits



- Phased Deep Retrofit Process Development:
 60 FL Homes (FSEC)
- Energy Use Analysis of DER Homes (BSC, LBNL, NREL)
- Measure Guidelines from Advanced Technology Projects (planned)
- Building America Solution Center content from BA Innovations (planned)

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Community-Scale Advanced Retrofit Demos



- Marine Climate DER Process: CA (DEG)
- Public Housing Approach: NC (ARIES)
- Las Vegas, NV Retrofit Program (BARA)
- Lend Lease Community Scale Retrofit Process: 800 units in SC (IBACOS)
- Multifamily DER: 2 MA Apartment Demonstration Projects (SWA)
- Greenbelt, MD HPwES Advanced Retrofit Demonstration Project (NAHBRC)
- Community Scale Attic Retrofit Approach: 100 CA homes (DEG)

Current BA Retrofit Projects: Program Support



- Home Performance w/Energy Star: 13 Projects (BSC, FSEC, IBACOS, NAHBRC, PARR)
- Better Buildings Neighborhood Partnership grantees: 3 projects (FSEC)
- Better Buildings Challenge: 6 projects (IBACOS)
- Home Energy Score Pilots: 5 projects (DEG, FSEC, IBACOS)
- Weatherization Assistance Program: 3 projects (DEG, UMN)

Thank You

Questions?

For More Information:

just Google "Building America"