ANSI/RESNET 301-2014 Addendum A-2015 Amendment on Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Systems January 16, 2015

Add new definitions to Section 3.2

Approved Hot Water Operational Control Device – A means of controlling the waste hot water in residences that is approved for use based on empirical test data and where the control effectiveness of the device is clearly labeled in terms of its overall reduction of operational waste hot water.

Drain Water Heat Recovery (DWHR) – A heat exchanger unit that uses outgoing warm drain water to pre-heat incoming cold freshwater, is rated for efficiency and pressure loss according to CSA B55.1, and complies with CSA B55.2.

 \underline{T}_{mains} – The temperature of the potable water supply entering the residence.

Add new Normative References to Section 6

CSA B55.1-12, (2012). "Test method for measuring efficiency and pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units." CSA Group, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W 5N6.

CSA B55.2-12, (2012). "Drain water heat recovery units." CSA Group, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W 5N6.

Revise Table 4.2.2(1) as follows:

Table 4.2.2(1) Specification for the HERS Reference and Rated Homes			
Building Component	HERS Reference Home	Rated Home	
Service water heating	Fuel type: same as Rated Home	Same as Rated Home ⁽ⁿ⁾	
systems ^{(i), (n), (p)}	Efficiency		
	Electric: $EF = 0.97 - (0.00132 * store)$	Same as Rated Home	
	gal)		
	Fossil fuel: EF = 0.67 - (0.0019 *	Same as Rated Home	
	store gal)		
	Use (gal/day): $30*N_{du} + 10*N_{br}$	Same as HERS Reference Home	
	where: N _{du} = number of dwelling	Determined in accordance with	
	units-determined in accordance	Section 4.2.2.5.2.11	
	with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4		
	Tank temperature: <u>120-125 F</u>	Same as HERS Reference Home	

 Table 4.2.2(1) Specification for the HERS Reference and Rated Homes

Add new section 4.2.2.5.1.4 and renumber following sections and equations as necessary

4.2.2.5.1.4 Service Hot Water Use. Service hot water system use in gallons per day for the HERS Reference Home shall be determined in accordance with Equation 4.2-2

$\underline{HWgpd} = (refDWgpd+refCWgpd+F_{mix}*(refFgpd + refWgpd))*Ndu \qquad Eq. $	4.2-2
where:	
<u>HWgpd = gallons per day of hot water use</u>	
refDWgpd = reference dishwasher gallons per day = $((88.4+34.9*Nbr)*8.16)/365$	
refCWgpd = reference clothes washer gallons per day =	
(4.52*(164+46.5*Nbr))*((3*2.08+1.59)/(2.874*2.08+1.59))/365	
$\underline{F_{mix}} = 1 - ((\underline{T_{set}} - \underline{T_{use}}) / (\underline{T_{set}} - \underline{T_{mains}}))$	
where	
$\underline{T_{set}} = Water heater set point temperature = 125 F$	

T_{use} = Temperature of mixed water at fixtures = 105 F
$\overline{T_{\text{mains}}} = (T_{\text{amb,avg}} + offset) + ratio * (\Delta T_{\text{amb,max}} / 2) * \sin(0.986 * (day\# - 15 - lag) - 90)$
where
<u>T_{mains} = temperature of potable water supply entering residence (°F)</u>
$\underline{T_{amb,avg}}$ = annual average ambient air temperature (°F)
$\Delta T_{amb,max}$ = maximum difference between monthly average ambient
<u>temperatures (e.g., T_{amb,avg,july} – T_{amb,avg,january}) (°F)</u>
0.986 = degrees/day (360/365)
day# = Julian day of the year (1-365)
$offset = 6^{\circ}F$
<u>ratio = $0.4 + 0.01 (T_{amb,avg} - 44)$</u>
$lag = 35 - 1.0 (T_{amb,avg} - 44)$
refFgpd = 14.6 + 10.0*Nbr = reference climate-normalized daily fixture water use in
Reference Home (in gallons per day)
refWgpd = 9.8 *Nbr ^{0.43} = reference climate-normalized daily hot water waste due to
distribution system losses in Reference Home (in gallons per day)
where
<u>Nbr = number of bedrooms in each dwelling unit</u>
Ndu = number of dwelling units

Modify Section 4.2.2.5.10 as follows:

4.2.2.5.2.10 Clothes Washers. Clothes Washer annual energy use and daily hot water use for the Rated Home shall be determined as follows.

Annual energy use shall be calculated in accordance with Equation 4.2-9a.

$$kWh/yr = ((LER/392)-((LER*(\$/kWh)-AGC)/(21.9825*(\$/kWh) - (\$/therm))/392)*21.9825)*ACY$$
(Eq. 4.2-9a)
where:
LER = Label Energy Rating (kWh/y) from the Energy Guide label
\$/kWh = Electric Rate from Energy Guide Label
AGC = Annual Gas Cost from Energy Guide Label
\$/therm = Gas Rate from Energy Guide Label
\$/therm = Gas Rate from Energy Guide Label
ACY = Adjusted Cycles per Year
and where:
ACY = NCY * ((3.0*2.08+1.59)/(CAPw*2.08+1.59))
where:
NCY = (3.0/2.87447) * (164 + Nbr*46.545.6)
CAPw = washer capacity in cubic feet from the manufacturer's data or the CEC database¹
or the EPA Energy Star website ² or the default value of 2.874 ft³

Add new section 4.2.2.5.2.11 and renumber following section and equations as necessary

4.2.2.5.2.11 Service Hot Water Use. Service hot water system use in gallons per day for the Rated Home shall be determined in accordance with Equation 4.2-11

$$\frac{HWgpd = (DWgpd + CWgpd + F_{eff} * adjF_{mix} * (refFgpd + oWgpd)}{+ sWgpd * WD_{eff}) * Ndu}$$
Eq. 4.2-11

where:

¹ (Informative Reference) http://www.appliances.energy.ca.gov/

² (Informative Reference) http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=clotheswash.pr clothes washers

<u>HWgpd = gallons per day of hot water use in Rated home</u>			
$\underline{DWgpd} = \underline{dishwasher gallons per day (see Section 4.2.2.5.2.9)} = ((20.4, 24.05)) + (24.05)$			
$\frac{((88.4+34.9*\text{Nbr})*12/dWcap*(4.6415*(1/\text{EF})-1.9295))/365}{(1/25+210)}$			
$\underline{CWgpd} = \text{clothes washer gallons per day (see Section 4.2.2.5.2.10)} = \frac{1}{2}$			
<u>60*((LER*(\$/kWh)-AGC)/(21.9825*(\$/kWh)-(\$/therm))/392)*ACY/365</u>			
$\underline{F_{eff}}$ = fixture effectiveness in accordance with Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(1)			
Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(1) Hot water fixture effectiveness			
Plumbing Fixture Description <u>F_{eff}</u>			
<u>Standard-flow: showers ≤ 2.5 gpm and faucets ≤ 2.2 gpm <u>1.00</u></u>			
<u>Low-flow: all showers and faucets ≤ 2.0 gpm <u>0.95</u></u>			
$\frac{\text{adj}F_{\text{mix}} = 1 - ((T_{\text{set}} - T_{\text{use}})/(T_{\text{set}} - WH_{\text{in}}T))}{\text{where}}$			
$T_{set} = 125 ^{\circ}F = water \text{ heater set point temperature}$ $T_{use} = 105 ^{\circ}F = temperature of mixed water at fixtures}$			
WH _{in} T = water heater inlet temperature			
<u>where</u> <u>WH_{in}T = T_{mains} + WH_{in}T_{adj} for DWHR systems and where WH_{in}T_{adj} is calculated in</u>			
accordance with equation 4.2-14			
$WH_{in}T = T_{mains}$ for all other hot water systems			
T_{mains} = temperature of potable water supply entering the residence calculated in			
accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4			
<u>refFgpd</u> = reference climate-normalized daily fixture water use calculated in accordance with			
Section 4.2.2.5.1.4			
$\underline{oWgpd} = refWgpd * oFrac * (1 - oCD_{eff}) $ Eq. 4.2-12			
where			
<u>oWgpd = daily standard operating condition waste hot water quantity</u>			
$\overline{oFrac} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}$			
$\overline{\text{oFrac}} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}}$ $\overline{\text{oCD}_{\text{eff}}} = \text{Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness}}$			
$\overline{oFrac} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}$			
$\overline{\text{oFrac}} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}}$ $\overline{\text{oCD}_{\text{eff}}} = \text{Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness}}$			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where			
$\frac{\text{oFrac} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}}{\text{oCD}_{eff} = \text{Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness}} (default = 0.0)$ $\frac{\text{sWgpd} = (\text{refWgpd} - \text{refWgpd} * \text{oFrac}) * \text{pRatio} * \text{sysFactor} \qquad \text{Eq. 4.2-13}}{\text{where}}$ $\frac{\text{sWgpd} = \text{daily structural waste hot water quantity}}{\text{refWgpd} = \text{reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in}}$ $\frac{\text{accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4}}{\text{oFrac} = 0.25 = \text{fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions}}$ $\frac{\text{pRatio} = \text{hot water piping ratio}}{\text{where}}$ $\frac{\text{for Standard systems:}}{\text{for Standard systems:}}$			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD_{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness(default = 0.0)sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactorEq. 4.2-13wheresWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantityrefWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated inaccordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditionspRatio = hot water piping ratiowherefor Standard systems:pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any)			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any) refPipeL = 2*(CFA/Nf1) ^{0.5} + 10*Nf1 + 5*Bsmt = hot water piping length for			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any) refPipeL = 2*(CFA/Nf1) ^{0.5} + 10*Nf1 + 5*Bsmt = hot water piping length for Reference Home			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where SWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any) refPipeL = 2*(CFA/Nf1) ^{0.5} + 10*Nf1 + 5*Bsmt = hot water piping length for Reference Home where			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where sWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any) refPipeL = 2*(CFA/Nf1) ^{0.5} + 10*Nf1 + 5*Bsmt = hot water piping length for Reference Home where CFA = conditioned floor area			
oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions oCD _{eff} = Approved Hot Water Operating Condition Control Device effectiveness (default = 0.0) sWgpd = (refWgpd - refWgpd * oFrac) * pRatio * sysFactor Eq. 4.2-13 where SWgpd = daily structural waste hot water quantity refWgpd = reference climate-normalized distribution system waste water use calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4 oFrac = 0.25 = fraction of hot water waste from standard operating conditions pRatio = hot water piping ratio where for Standard systems: pRatio = PipeL / refPipeL where PipeL = measured length of hot water piping from the hot water heater to the farthest hot water fixture, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the hot water piping does not run diagonally, plus 10 feet of piping for each floor level, plus 5 feet of piping for unconditioned basements (if any) refPipeL = 2*(CFA/Nf1) ^{0.5} + 10*Nf1 + 5*Bsmt = hot water piping length for Reference Home where			

 $\underline{Bsmt} = \underline{presence} = 1.0 \text{ or absence} = 0.0 \text{ of an unconditioned basement in the}$ $\underline{residence}$

for recirculation systems:

pRatio = BranchL/10

where

BranchL = measured length of the branch hot water piping from the recirculation loop to the farthest hot water fixture from the recirculation loop, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming the branch hot water piping does not run diagonally

sysFactor = hot water distribution system factor from Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(2)

	<u>sysFactor</u>		
Distribution System Description	<u>No pipe</u>	<u>≥R-3 pipe</u>	
	<u>insulation</u>	insulation	
Standard systems	<u>1.00</u>	<u>0.90</u>	
Recirculation systems	<u>1.11</u>	<u>1.00</u>	

 WD_{eff} = distribution system water use effectiveness from Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(3)

Distribution System Description	WD _{eff}
Standard systems	<u>1.00</u>
Recirculation systems	<u>0.10</u>

Ndu = number of dwelling units

4.2.2.5.2.11.1 Drain Water Heat Recovery (DWHR) Units

If DWHR unit(s) is (are) installed in the Rated Home, the water heater potable water supply temperature adjustment ($WH_{in}T_{adj}$) shall be calculated in accordance with Equation 4.2-14.

WH _{in} T _{adj} =Ifrac*(DWHR _{in} T-T _{mains})*DWHR _{eff} *PLC*LocF*FixF	Eq. 4.2-14
where	
<u>$WH_{in}T_{adj}$ = adjustment to water heater potable supply inlet temperature (^oF)</u>	
If $rac = 0.56 + 0.015$ *Nbr $- 0.0004$ *Nbr ² = fraction of hot water use impacted	by DWHR
$\underline{DWHR_{in}T} = 97 \ ^{\circ}F$	
T_{mains} = calculated in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.1.4	
\overline{DWHR}_{eff} = Drain Water Heat Recovery Unit efficiency as rated and labeled i	in accordance
with CSA 55.1	
where	
$\overline{DWHR}_{eff} = DWHR_{eff} * 1.082$ if low-flow fixtures are installed in accordance.	ice with Table
-4.2.2.5.2.11(1)	
<u>PLC = 1 - 0.0002*pLength = piping loss coefficient</u>	
where	
for standard systems:	
pLength = pipeL as measured accordance with Section 4.1.1.5.2.11	
for recirculation systems:	
pLength = branchL as measured in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.2.	<u>11</u>
LocF = a performance factor based on the installation location of the DWHR of	determined
from Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(4)	
Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(4) Location factors for DWHR placement	
DRHR Placement	LocF
Supplies pre-heated water to both the fixture cold water piping	1.000

and the hot water heater potable supply piping	
Supplies pre-heated water to only the hot water heater potable supply piping	<u>0.777</u>
Supplies pre-heated water to only the fixture cold water piping	<u>0.777</u>

 $\underline{FixF} = Fixture Factor$

where

FixF = 1.0 if all of the showers in the home are connected to DWHR units

 $\underline{FixF} = 0.5$ if there are 2 or more showers in the home and only 1 shower is connected to a $\underline{DWHR \text{ unit.}}$

4.2.2.5.2.11.2 Hot Water System Annual Energy Consumption

Service hot water energy consumption shall be calculated using Approved Software Tools and the provisions of Section 4.2.2.5.1.4, Section 4.2.2.5.2.11 and Section 4.2.2.5.2.11.1 shall be followed to determine appropriate inputs to the calculations.

If the Rated Home includes a hot water recirculation system, the annual electric consumption of the recirculation pump shall be added to the total hot water energy consumption. The recirculation pump kWh/y shall be calculated using Equation 4.2-15

pumpkWh/y = pumpW * Efact

Eq. 4.2-15

where:

pumpW = pump power in watts (default pumpW = 50 watts)Efact = factor selected from Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(5)

Efact = factor selected from Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(5)

Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(5) Annual electricity consumption factor

for hot water	<u>r recirculation s</u>	ystem pumps	<u>s</u>

Recirculation System Description	<u>Efact</u>
Recirculation without control or with timer control	<u>8.76</u>
Recirculation with temperature control	<u>1.46</u>
Recirculation with demand control (presence sensor)	<u>0.15</u>
Recirculation with demand control (manual)	<u>0.10</u>

Results from standard hot water energy consumption calculations considering only tested Energy Factor data (stdEC_{HW}) shall be adjusted to account for the energy delivery effectiveness of the hot water distribution system in accordance with equation 4.2-16.

$\underline{EC}_{HW} = \underline{stdEC}_{HW} * (\underline{E}_{waste} + 128) / 160$	Eq. 4.2-16
where E _{waste} is calculated in accordance with equation 4.2-17.	
$\underline{E}_{waste} = \underline{oEW}_{fact} * (1 - \underline{oCD}_{eff}) + \underline{sEW}_{fact} * \underline{pEratio}$	Eq. 4.2-17
where	
$\underline{oEW_{fact} = EW_{fact}} * \overline{oFrac} = standard operating condition portion of hot water of$	energy waste
where	
<u>EW_{fact} = energy waste factor in accordance with Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(6)</u>	
oCD _{eff} is in accordance with Section 4.2.2.5.2.11.1	
<u>$sEW_{fact} = EW_{fact} - oEW_{fact} = structural portion of hot water energy waste$</u>	
pEratio = piping length energy ratio	
where	
for standard system: pEratio = PipeL / refpipeL	
for recirculation systems: pEratio = LoopL / refLoopL	
and where	
LoopL = hot water recirculation loop piping length including both suppl	y and return
sides of the loop, measured longitudinally from plans, assuming	-

piping does not run diagonally, plus 20 feet of piping for each floor level greater than one plus 10 feet of piping for unconditioned basements. refLoopL = 2.0*refPipeL - 20

	$\underline{\mathbf{EW}}_{\mathbf{fact}}$	
Distribution System Description	<u>No pipe</u>	<u>≥R-3 pipe</u>
	insulation	insulation
Standard systems	<u>32.0</u>	<u>28.8</u>
Recirculation without control or with timer control	<u>500</u>	<u>250</u>
Recirculation with temperature control	<u>375</u>	<u>187.5</u>
Recirculation with demand control (presence sensor)	<u>64.8</u>	<u>43.2</u>
Recirculation with demand control (manual)	<u>43.2</u>	<u>28.8</u>

Table 4.2.2.5.2.11(6) Hot water distribution system relative annual energy waste factors