**Draft PDS-01 Addendum 90f**

**Service Hot Water**

**Note1: This addendum amends criteria within Addendum81. All strike through and underline text in black print was deleted or added respectively by Addendum 81. All text in red print indicate changes made by Addendum 90i.**

**Note 2: The interim version of Addendum 90 is currently in effect. The final version, Addendum 90f will replace Addendum 90i when finalized and approved.**

***Modify MINHERS Chapter 3 as follows:***

**303.1 Technical Requirements**

Exception 4: RESNET Home Energy Ratings shall be calculated using the modifications of Standards ANSI/RESNET/ICC 301~~-2019~~ established by MINHERS addenda:

* [Addendum 66,](https://www.resnet.us/wp-content/uploads/FS_Adndm66f_v3.pdf) CO2e Index
* [~~Addendum 79~~](https://www.resnet.us/wp-content/uploads/FS_Adndm79f_InformNoteCrctn.pdf)~~, Table 5.1.2(1) Informative Note Correction~~
* Addendum 81, Supplemental Criteria for Adoption of ANSI/RESNET/ICC 301-2022
* Addendum 90i, Addendum 81 Modifications

***Modify ANSI/RESNET/ICC 301-2022 as follows:***

**4.2.1.1. Modeling Assumptions.** The assumptions specified in Normative Appendix C shall apply to all simulation models. The Energy Rating Reference Home and the Rated Home Shall be configured with at least one Bedroom.

***(Note: The cycles per year are updated to include multi-family Dwelling Units. Also, the coefficients in the ‘Service Hot Water Use’ equations for refFgph and refWgph amend those in Addendum 81)***

**4.2.2.7.1.4. Service Hot Water Use.** Service hot water system use in gallons per hour for the Energy Rating Reference Home shall be determined in accordance with Equation 4.2-29:

HWgph = (refDWgph + refCWgph + Fmix\*(refFgph + refWgph))

 **(Equation 4.2-29)**

where:

HWgph = gallons per hour of hot water use

refDWgph[[1]](#footnote-1) = reference dishwasher gallons per hour

 ~~= (0.7801\*Nbr+1.976)\*h~~~~DW~~

SCY[[2]](#footnote-2) = 123.7+16.2\*Nbr for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

SCY = 135.7+13.5\*Nbr for all other Dwelling Units

= (SCY\*8.16 / 365)\*hDW

refCWgph[[3]](#footnote-3) = reference clothes washer gallons per hour

 ~~= (0.6762\*Nbr + 2.3847)\*h~~~~CW~~

SCY = 189.5+32.9\*Nbr for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

SCY = 213.9+27.5\*Nbr for all other Dwelling Units

= (4.52\*SCY\*((3\*2.08+1.59) / (2.874\*2.08+1.59)) / 365) \*hCW

Fmix = 1 - ((Tset – Tuse)/ (Tset – Tmains))

where:

Tset = Water heater set point temperature = 125 ºF

Tuse = Temperature of mixed water at fixtures = 105 ºF

Tmains = (Tamb,avg + *offset*) + *ratio* \* (ΔTamb,max / 2)

 \* sin (0.986 \* (day# - 15 - *lag*) – *hemisphere*\*90)
(with a minimum value of 32 ºF)

where:

Tmains = temperature of potable water supply entering residence (ºF)

Tamb,avg = annual average ambient air temperature (ºF)

ΔTamb,max = maximum difference between monthly average ambient temperatures[[4]](#footnote-4) (ºF)

0.986 = degrees/day (360/365)

day# = Julian day of the year (1-365)

*offset* = 6°F

*ratio* = 0.4 + 0.01 (*Tamb*,avg – 44)

*lag* = 35 – 1.0 (*Tamb,avg* – 44)

*hemisphere* = 1 for northern hemisphere, -1 for southern hemisphere

refFgph = (14.36 + 10.~~0~~17\*Nbr)\*hF for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

 = (21.~~9~~ 75 + 8.~~3~~46\*Nbr)\*hF for all other Dwelling Units

 = reference climate-normalized hourly fixture water use in Energy Rating Reference Home (in gallons per hour)

refWgph = (9.~~8~~95\*Nbr 0.~~43~~399)\*hF for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

 = (11.27\*Nbr0.~~34~~323) \*hF for all other Dwelling Units

 = reference climate-normalized hourly hot water waste due to distribution system losses in Energy Rating Reference Home (in gallons per hour)

where:

Nbr = number of Bedrooms in the Rated Home, not to be less than 1.

**4.2.2.7.2.8. Clothes Dryers.** Clothes Dryer annual energy use for the Rated Home shall be determined in accordance with Equation 4.2-34 and shall be based on the clothes dryer located within the Rated Home. If no clothes dryer is located within the Rated Home, a clothes dryer in the nearest shared laundry room on the project site shall be used if available for daily use by the occupants of the Rated Home. If the shared laundry room has multiple clothes dryers, the clothes dryer with the lowest EF or CEF shall be used.

CDkWh/y = (((RMC-0.04)\*100)/55.5)\*(8.45/CEF)\*ACY

**(Equation 4.2-34)**

where:

RMC = Remaining Moisture Content = (0.97 \* (CAPw / IMEF) – LER/312) / ((2.0104 \* CAPw + 1.4242) \* 0.455) + 0.04

ACY = Annual Cycles per Year = ~~(164+46.5\*Nbr)~~SCY \*[~~(~~(3\*2.08+1.59) / (CAPw\*2.08+1.59)]~~)~~

 SCY = 189.5 + 32.9\*Nbr for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

 = 213.9 + 27.5\*Nbr for all other Dwelling Units

Nbr = Number of Bedrooms in home.

CEF = Combined Energy Factor is the clothes dryer efficiency[[5]](#footnote-5) (lbs dry clothes/kWh) based on current U.S. DOE clothes dryer testing procedures. (default = 3.73 for electric dryers or 3.30 for gas dryers)

CAPw = Capacity of clothes washer (ft3) from the manufacturer’s data

IMEF = Integrated Modified Energy Factor, which has replaced MEF as the U.S. DOE Energy Factor test metric for clothes washers. (default = 1.57 for top load clothes washers or 1.84 for front load clothes washers)

LER = Labeled Energy Rating of clothes washer (kWh/y) from the Energy Guide label.

For natural gas clothes dryers, annual energy use shall be determined in accordance with Equations 4.2-35a and 4.2-35b.

Therms/y = (result of Equation 4.2-31)\*3412\*(1-0.07)\*(3.73/3.30)/100000 **(Equation 4.2-35a)**

kWh/y = (result of Equation 4.2-31)\*0.07\*(3.73/3.30)

 **(Equation 4.2-35b)**

When a Dwelling Unit has no in-unit clothes dryer, and no shared clothes dryers are available in the building or on the project site for daily use by the Rated Home occupants or they exist, but the ratio of Dwelling Units to shared clothes dryers is greater than 14, the clothes dryer values from Table 4.2.2.7(1) shall be assumed for both the Energy Rating Reference Home and Rated Home.

Internal Gains for ventless clothes dryers shall use finternal = 1.0 and fsensible = 0.9.

**4.2.2.7.2.9. Dishwashers.** Dishwasher annual energy use for the Rated Home shall be determined in accordance with Equation 4.2-36a and shall be based on the dishwasher located within the Rated Home, with the highest kWh/y. If no dishwasher is located within the Rated Home, a dishwasher in the nearest shared kitchen in the building shall be used only if available for daily use by the occupants of the Rated Home.

dWkWh/y = dWkWh/cyc \* dWcpy **(Equation 4.2-36a)**

where:

dWkWh/y = dishwasher annual electric use excluding water heater energy use

dWkWh/cyc = [(GHWC \* 0.5497/ Gas$ - LER \* Elec$ \* 0.02504 / Elec$) / (Elec$ \* 0.5497 / Gas$ - 0.02504)] / 208

GHWC = Labeled annual cost when used with a gas water heater

Gas$ = Labeled price of gas in $/therm

LER = Labeled dishwasher Energy Rating using electric water heater in kWh/y

Elec$ = Labeled price of electricity in $/kWh

dWcpy = dishwasher cycles per year = ~~(88.4 + 34.9\*Nbr)~~SCY\*12/dWcap

SCY = 123.7 + 16.2\*Nbr for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

 = 135.7 + 13.5\*Nbr for all other Dwelling Units

Nbr = Number of bedrooms in Rated Home

dWcap = Dishwasher capacity where Standard = 12 and Compact = 8

For dishwashers where an Energy Guide label is not available, dishwasher inputs from Table 4.2.2.7.2.9 shall be used.

**Table 4.2.2.7.2.9 Default Dishwasher Inputs**

|  |
| --- |
| Default Dishwasher Energy Guide Label Data |
| Energy Guide Label Information | ENERGY STARDefaults | NAECA | ERI |
| minimum | Reference |
| Dishwasher Size | compact | standard | standard | standard |
| Annual Energy kWh/y (LER) | 203 | 270 | 307 | 467 |
| Annual Gas Hot Water Cost ($/y) | $14.20 | $22.23 | $22.32 | $33.12 |
| Electricity Price ($/kWh) | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 |
| Gas Price ($/therm) | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 |
| Label Cycles per Year (LCY) | 208 | 208 | 208 | 208 |

When a Dwelling Unit has no in-unit dishwasher and no shared dishwashers are available in the building for daily use of the Rated Home occupants, the energy and hot water use of the Rated Home dishwasher shall be the same as the Energy Rating Reference Home in accordance with Section 4.2.2.7.1.

**4.2.2.7.2.10. Clothes Washers.** Clothes Washer annual energy use and daily hot water use for the Rated Home shall be determined as follows and shall be based on the clothes washer located within the Rated Home. If no clothes washer is located within the Rated Home, a clothes washer in the nearest shared laundry room on the project site shall be used if available for daily use by the occupants of the Rated Home. If the shared laundry room has multiple clothes washers, the clothes washer with the highest LER shall be used.

Annual energy use shall be calculated in accordance with Equation 4.2-37a.

CWkWh/y = Cwappl / LCY \* ACY **(Equation 4.2-37a)**

where:

Cwappl = (GHWC \* gasH2O / gas$ - (LER\*elec$) \* elecH2O / elec$) /
(elec$ \* gasH2O / gas$ - elecH2O)

GHWC = Gas Hot Water Costs from Energy Guide Label

gasH2O = 0.3914 (gal/cyc) per (therm/y)

elecH2O = 0.0178 (gal/cyc) per (kWh/y)

LER = Label Energy Rating (kWh/y) from the Energy Guide Label.

elec$ = Electric Rate from Energy Guide Label. (default = $0.12 per kWh)

gas$ = Gas Rate from Energy Guide Label. (default = $1.09 per therm)

LCY = Label Cycles per Year from Energy Guide Label (default = 6 loads per week = 312)

ACY = Annual Cycles per Year.

and where:

ACY = SCY \* [(3.0\*2.08+1.59)/(CAPw\*2.08+1.59)]

where:

SCY = 189.5 + 32.9\*Nbr for one- and two-family Dwellings and Townhouses

 = 213.9 + 27.5\*Nbr for all other Dwelling Units

~~SCY = (164 + Nbr\*46.5).~~

CAPw = washer capacity in cubic feet from the Energy Guide Label

Daily hot water use shall be calculated in accordance with Equation 4.2-37b.

CWgpd = (LER – Cwappl) \* elecH2O \* ACY / 365

**(Equation 4.2-37b)**

For clothes washers where an Energy Guide label is not available, clothes washer inputs from Table 4.2.2.7.2.10 shall be used.

**Table 4.2.2.7.2.10 Default Inputs for Clothes Washer Based on Year**

|  |
| --- |
| Standard Clothes Washer Models |
|  | ERI | Std | ENERGY STAR | Std | ENERGY STAR | CEE |
|  | Ref | 2008- | 2006- | 2018- | 2018- | Tier II |
|  | 2006a | 2017b | 2017c | present | present | 2018d |
| Clothes Washer Inputs: |
| LER [Label Energy Rating in kWh/y]= | 400 | 380 | 260 | 284 | 152 | 125 |
| GHWC [Cost with gas hot water in $/y]= | $27 | $27 | $18 | $18 | $12 | $9 |
| elec\_price [$/kWh]= | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 | $0.12 |
| gas\_price [$/therm]= | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 | $1.09 |
| IMEF [ft3/(kWh/cyc)]= | 1 | 1.21 | 1.63 | 1.57 | 2.06 | 2.92 |
| CAPw [ft3]= | 3 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.2 |
| IWF [(gal/cyc)/ft3]= | 11.4 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 4.3 | 3.2 |
| LCY [Label Cycles per Year] = | 312 | 312 | 312 | 312 | 312 | 312 |

**Notes**

a: Used for standard clothes washers between 2006 – 2007

b: Used for standard clothes washers between 2008 – 2017

c: Used for ENERGY STAR clothes washers between 2006 and 2017

d: Consortium for Energy Efficiency Tier II efficiency minimum requirements

When a Dwelling Unit has no in-unit clothes washer, and no shared clothes washers are available in the building or on the project site for daily use by the Rated Home occupants or they exist, but the ratio of Dwelling Units to shared clothes washers is greater than 14, the energy and hot water use of the Rated Home clothes washer shall be the same as the Energy Rating Reference Home, in accordance with Section 4.2.2.7.1.

**Normative Appendix C: Modeling Assumptions**

**C1.Material Thermal Properties**

The following thermal properties shall be applied where the respective materials are used in a model:

**Table C.1(1) Material Thermal Properties**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Material** | **Conductivity (Btu/hr-F-ft)** |
| Soil (adjacent to the home’s foundation) | 1.000 |
| Wood | 0.067 |
| Drywall | 0.092 |

**C2.Conversions between Infiltration Metrics**

There are a large number of descriptors and variables used in the determination and representation of envelope leakage and infiltration in residential buildings. Conversions between infiltration metrics within the software shall use the following conventions and procedures.

**C2.1 General Nomenclature**

ELA = effective leakage area (in2) *[US: ASTM e 779-92] [[6]](#footnote-6)*

CFA = conditioned floor area (ft2)

SLA = specific leakage area (in2/in2) = ELA / (CFA\*144)

C = leakage coeffieient (result of least squares regression of test data) [[7]](#footnote-7)

n = flow exponent (result of least squares regression of test data) [[8]](#footnote-8)

ΔP = pressure differential (Pa)

EqLA = equivalent leakage area (in2) *[Canadian: CAN/SGSB-149.10-M86] [[9]](#footnote-9)*

EqLA = equivalent leakage area (in2) *[Canadian: CAN/SGSB-149.10-M86]*

ach4 = annual average air change rate (conditioned space volume changes per hour)

ach50 = air changes per hour at 50 Pa pressure differential

cfm50 = airflow through leakage area at 50 Pa pressure differential

cfm25 = airflow through leakage area at 25 Pa pressure differential

wsf = weather and shielding factor *[from ASHRAE Standard 62.2]*

H = vertical distance between the lowest and highest above grade points within the pressure envelope (ft) [[10]](#footnote-10)

Hr = reference height = 8.202 feet (2.5 m)

Hf = average floor to ceiling height (ft) [[11]](#footnote-11)

NL = normalized leakage *[ASHRAE Standard 62.2]*

**C2.2 Conversion Equations**

NL = 1000 \* SLA \* (H/Hr)0.4 [*ASHRAE Standard 62.2*] (Eq. 1)

SLA = NL / (1000 \* (H/Hr)0.4) (Eq. 2)

SLA = ELA / (CFA\*144) (Eq. 3)

ELA = (CFA\*144) \* SLA (Eq. 4)

SLA = ach4 \* (Hf/Hr) / (1000 \* wsf \* (H/Hr) 0.4) (Eq. 5)

ach4 = SLA \* 1000 \* wsf \* (H/Hr) 0.4 \* Hr/Hf (Eq. 6)

ELA = 0.283316 \* C \* 4n *[‘C’ input in IP units]* (Eq. 7)

EqLA = 0.2937 \* C \* 10n *[‘C’ input in IP units]* (Eq. 8)

C = ELA / (0.283316 \* 4n) *[‘C’ returned in IP units]* (Eq. 9)

C = EqLA / (0.~~2037~~2937 \* 10n) *[‘C’ returned in IP units]* (Eq. 10)

cfm50 = C \* 50n *[‘C’ input in IP units]* (Eq. 11)

cfm25 = C \* 25n *[‘C’ input in IP units]* (Eq. 12)

ach50 = (cfm50 \* 60) / (CFA \* Hf) (Eq. 13)

cfm50 = CFA \* Hf \* ach50 / 60 (Eq. 14)

ach50 = SLA / (0.283316 \* 4n) \* (50n \* 60 \* 144 / Hf) (Eq. 15)

SLA = ach50 \* (0.283316 \* 4n) / (50n \* 60 \* 144 / Hf) (Eq. 16)

ach50 = SLA \* 19200 *[for Hf =Hr and n = 0.65]* (Eq. 17)

SLA = ach50 / 19200 *[for Hf =Hr and n = 0.65]* (Eq. 18)

ELA = 0.054863 \* cfm50 *[for n = 0.65]* (Eq. 19)

ach50 = 19.2 \* ach4 / (wsf \* (H/Hr)0.4) *[for n = 0.65]* (Eq. 20)

NL = ach4 \* (Hf/Hr) / wsf *[for n = 0.65]* (Eq. 21)

1. (Informative Reference) Dishwasher hot water use is based on 2006 minimum federal standards (10 CFR 430) for dishwasher hot water use of 8.16 gallons per cycle. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. (Informative Reference) The Standard Cycles per Year (SCY) are derived from occupancy data reported in “Estimating Daily Domestic Hot-Water Use in North American Homes” as published in ASHRAE Transactions Volume 121, Part 2. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. (Informative Reference) Clothes washer hot water use is based on 2006 minimum federal standards (10 CFR 430) for clothes washers of 4.52 gallons per cycle as modified for clothes washer capacity of 3 cubic feet rather than 2.874 cubic feet used in testing. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. (Informative Reference) For example: Tamb,avg,july – Tamb,avg,january [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. (Informative Reference) See the CEC Appliance Efficiency Database <http://www.energy.ca.gov/appliances/> or the ENERGY STAR Appliance database <https://www.energystar.gov/products/appliances/clothes_dryers>. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. The standard reference pressure differential for the calculation of ELA is 4 Pa (U.S. Standard). [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. The units of measured data used in the least squares regression determine the units and value of ‘C’. For SI units, ‘C’ will be derived from airflows measured in m3/s and for IP units; ‘C’ will be derived from airflows measured in ft3/min (cfm). As a result, the value and units of ‘C’ will differ substantially based on whether the regression is performed using IP units or SI units. The units of pressure in both systems are Pa [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. Where ‘n’ is not determined by multi-point test data regression, 0.65 is used. [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. The standard reference pressure differential for the calculation of EqLA is 10 Pa (Canadian Standard). [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. ‘H’ shall be based on the Infiltration Volume as determined in accordance with ANSI/RESNET/ICC 380 and shall include the above-grade height of attics, crawlspaces and basements when they are included in the Infiltration Volume. [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. ‘Hf’ shall be calculated as the Infiltration Volume divided by the Conditioned Floor Area (CFA). [↑](#footnote-ref-11)